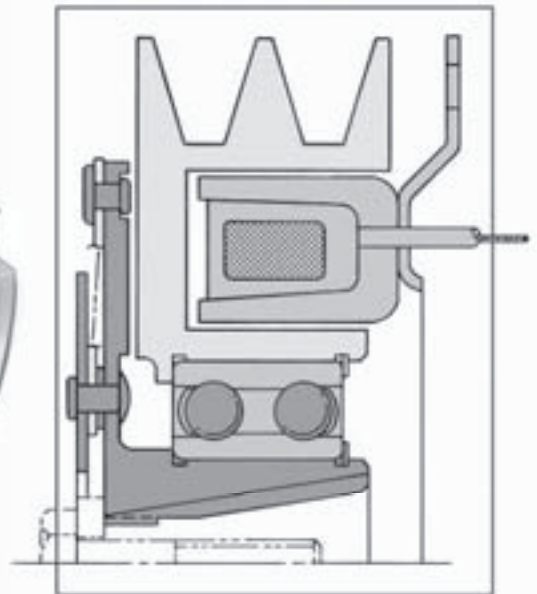
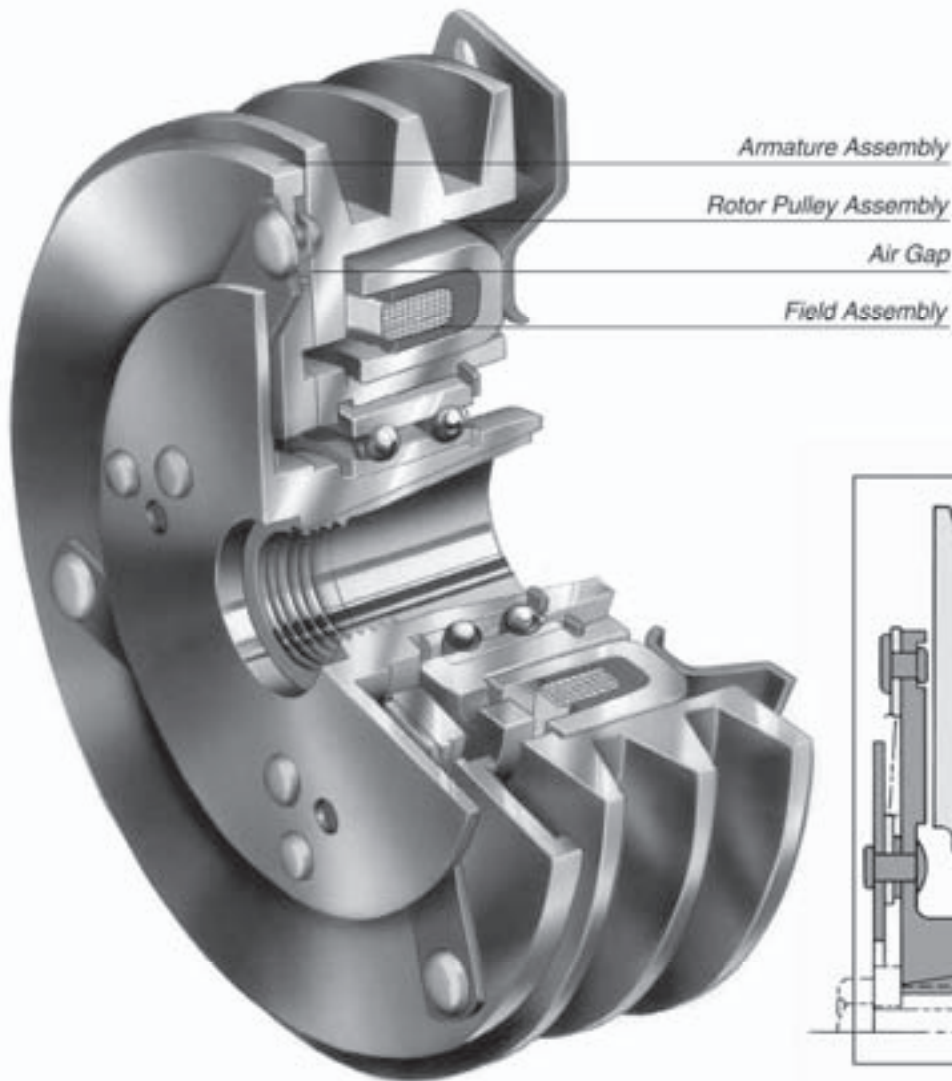


WARNER ELECTRIC CLUTCHES

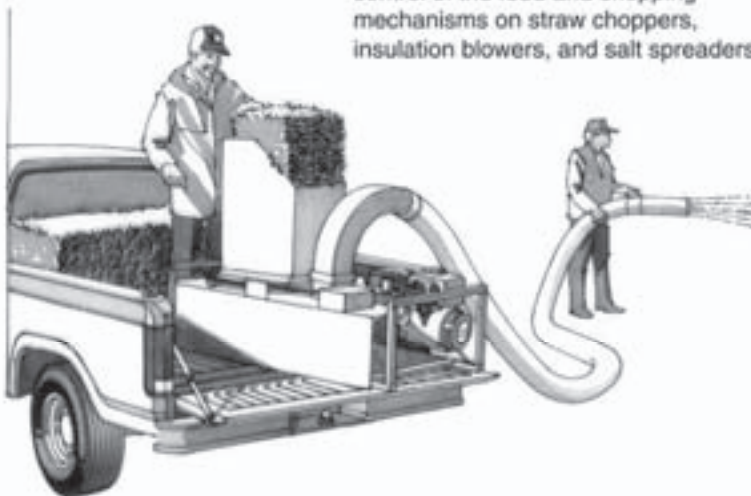


**Engine, Pump and
Compressor
Power Take-Off
Clutches**

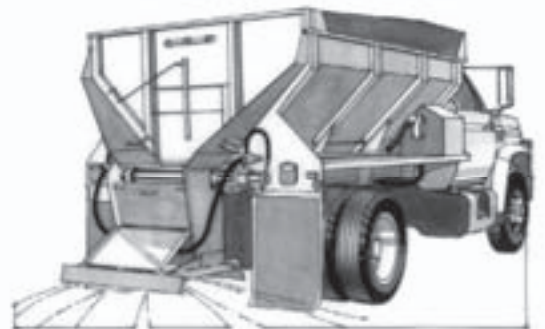
Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Selection



Electric clutches provide for remote control of the feed and chopping mechanisms on straw choppers, insulation blowers, and salt spreaders.



An engine mounted pump on this highway maintenance truck supplies hydraulic pressure for the sand spreader. Mounting an electric clutch on the pump will increase equipment life, improve machine efficiency, and allow the operator to engage and disengage the hydraulic system on demand.



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Selection

The right clutch for your application

Several specifications must be determined to select the right Warner Electric clutch for a particular application. Compile these from the selection factors discussed on the next four pages and compare them to the clutch specifications found on pages 6 through 23 to find the correct clutch for your application.

Clutch Dimensions

Overall or envelope dimensions of a clutch being considered for an application must be noted to ensure that the clutch will fit into the space allotted.

Choosing the correct size clutch

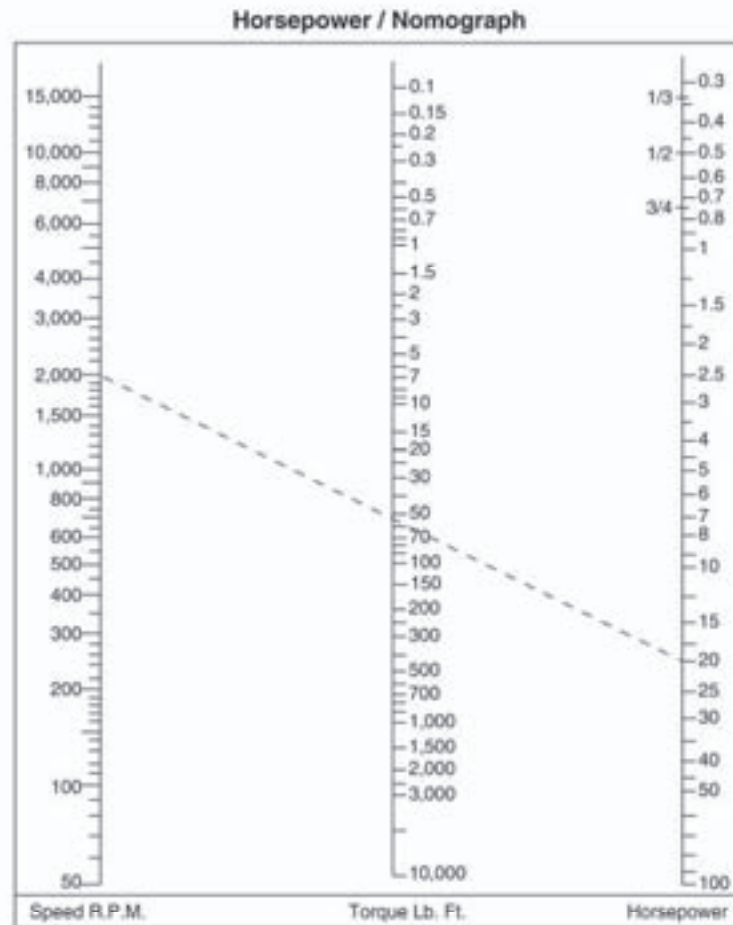
Torque and horsepower calculations are important in choosing the right clutch for your application.

Two important factors needed to determine the static torque required for an application are the driven machine's horsepower and clutch operating speed. Locate horsepower and clutch RPM on their respective columns in the accompanying chart. Draw a straight line between the two points. The torque is the numerical value read from where this line intersects the TORQUE column. This number must be multiplied by a known service factor "K" from the data below to obtain the correct torque requirement for the clutch.

Service Factor "K"

The power pulses of a gasoline or diesel engine result in momentary torque output which is several times higher than the engine's rated torque. Many electric motors can also deliver up to three times their rated output for a short period. A clutch coupled to these power systems must be able to transmit the required torque for these short periods without slipping. Using the chart at right, estimate the "K" service factor which is appropriate for your application.

Torque Determination Chart



Type of Application

"K" Range

Conveyor and augers where a static load must be started by the dynamic torque of the clutch.	K = 3 to 5
Hydraulic pumps where the clutch may have to work against pressure at time of engagement	K = 2.5 to 5
Gasoline or diesel engines where the clutch should be able to stall the engine.	K = 2 to 5
Air compressors	K = 2 to 4
Electric motors where the clutch should be able to stall the motor. Use the overload factor from the motor catalog or use	K = 2 to 3
Light machines where the load is applied after the clutch is engaged. (e.g. a lathe)	K = 1.5 to 2.5

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Selection

Example

A 10 horsepower pump driven by an electric motor operates at 1500 RPM. Using 3 as the value of the "K" factor, determine the required clutch torque capacity.

10 HP at 1500 RPM = 35 lb.ft. torque
 "K" factor 3 x 40 lb.ft. = 105 lb.ft. torque.

This application will require a clutch with a static torque rating of 105 lb.ft.

Static torque can also be calculated by using the following formula:

$$T = \frac{5250 \times \text{HP} \times K}{\text{RPM}}$$

Example

A truck mounted hydraulic pump requires 8 horsepower to operate at 2000 RPM. What is the required clutch torque rating?

Using a service factor of 5:

$$T = \frac{5250 \times 8 \times 5}{2000}$$

T = 105 lb.ft.

A clutch with a static torque capacity of 105 lb.ft. is required for this application.

Fluid Power Formulae

$$T = \frac{\text{HP} \times 5250 \times K}{\text{RPM}}$$

$$T = \frac{\text{CIR} \times \text{PSI}}{75.4}$$

Where:

T = Torque (lb.ft.)

HP = Horsepower

RPM = Speed of Clutch (revolutions per minute)

CIR = Cubic inch per revolution (hydraulic pump)

PSI = Pounds per square inch

"K" = Service factor (see chart on page 2)

If HP is unknown:

$$\text{HP} = \frac{\text{GPM} \times \text{PSI} \times .000583}{\text{Pump efficiency}}$$

Where:

GPM = Fluid flow in gallons per minute

PSI = Pressure in pounds per square inch

Pump efficiency = normally 85%

Rule of Thumb:

1 HP per gallon @ 1500psi
 .7 HP per gallon @ 1000psi

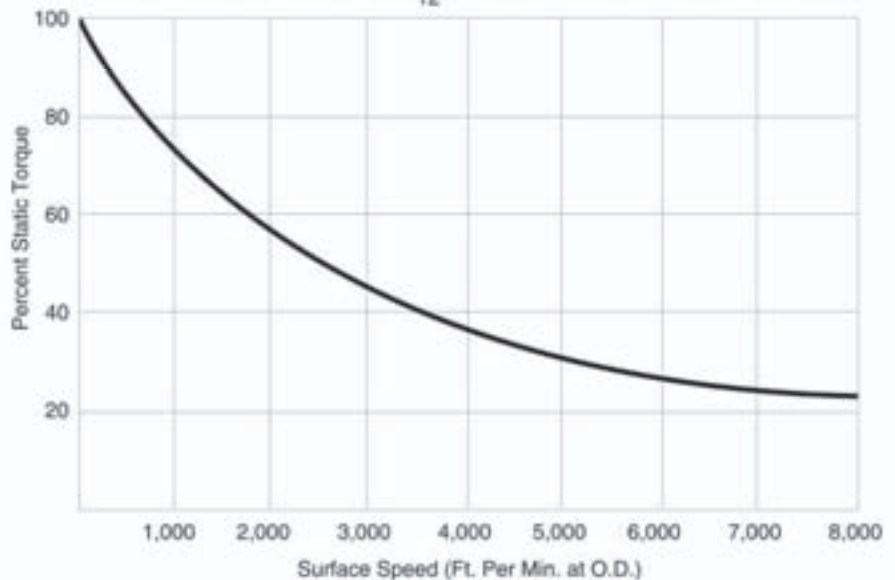
If PSI is unknown:

1 cubic inch per revolution equals 16 lb.in. of torque per 100 psi.
 1 gallon equals 231 cubic inches.

TYPICAL DYNAMIC TORQUE

Dynamic Torque as Percent of Static Torque

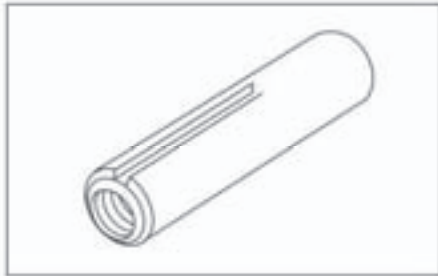
$$\text{FPM} = \text{RPM} \times \frac{3.14}{12} \times \text{Diameter (of clutch)}$$



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Selection

Shafts

Warner Electric standard clutches are available to adapt to three different shaft configurations:



Straight bore - for through shaft or end of shaft mounting.



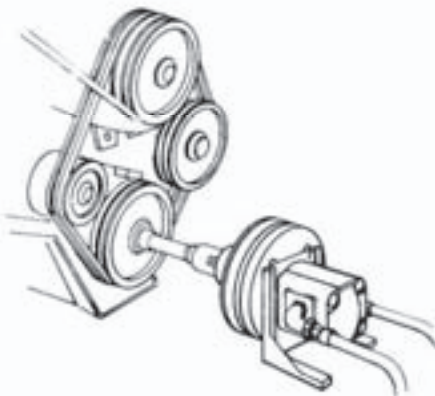
Tapered bore (8:1) - shaft tapers 1 1/2 inches per foot, for end of shaft mounting.



Tapered bore (4:1) - shaft tapers three inches per foot, for end of shaft mounting.

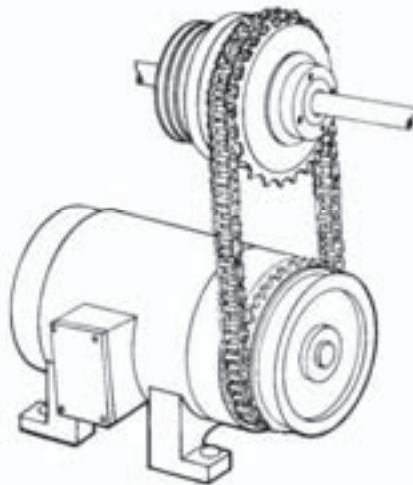
Types of Drives

Warner Electric offers clutches which are compatible with the three basic types of drives.



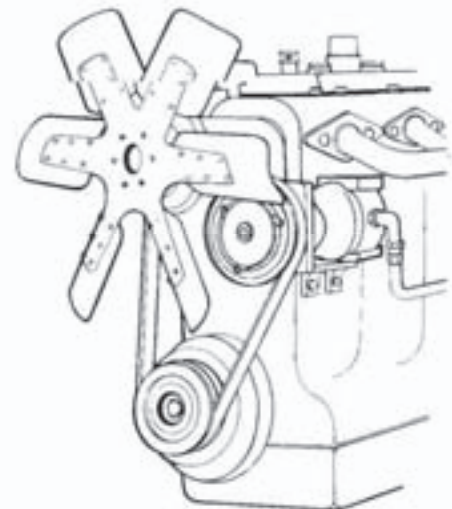
Direct Drive

In direct drive arrangements, a drive shaft with a universal joint or other flexible coupling is attached to the engine crankshaft or transmission PTO on one end and the pump or compressor on the other. The clutch usually mounts on the pump or compressor. The "yoke drive" clutches in this section are equipped with flanges designed to bolt directly to a universal joint assembly. **Drive shaft alignment must be within 3°.**



Parallel Shaft

In parallel shaft applications, torque is transmitted from a drive or line shaft to the pump, compressor or other accessory which is mounted parallel to it. The straight bore clutches with bearing mounted fields are often used in this drive arrangement. Belt or chain drives are most frequently used in parallel shaft applications.



Belt Drive

The most common method of driving mobile accessories is through automotive or industrial belts. The driven accessory is parallel to and driven by a pulley mounted on the engine crankshaft. The relative diameters of the drive and driven pulleys, speed range of the engine, and required pump or compressor performance are all factors to be considered when selecting a belt driven clutch. Warner Electric clutches have AB grooved pulleys, which permit the use of either an A or B V-belt.

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Selection

Electrical

Electrical Ratings

All current and resistance ratings are taken at ambient temperatures of 70°F (20°C).

Voltage Requirements

Warner Electric clutches are normally furnished with 12 VDC coils. Clutches can be designed to accommodate other voltages.

Current Draw

Current draw for each clutch model is listed in the product specifications section of this section.

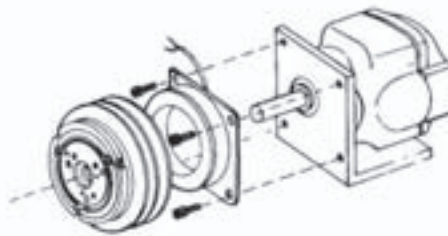
Resistance/Heat Dissipation

Electrical resistance increases with coil temperature. Since the increase in electrical resistance reduces coil current, the torque transmitted by the

clutch will be reduced. In applications where heat dissipation from the clutch is not adequate, air from an external source should be forced over the clutch to ensure proper operation. Most Warner Electric clutches shown in this section have been designed to operate in typical under hood temperatures.

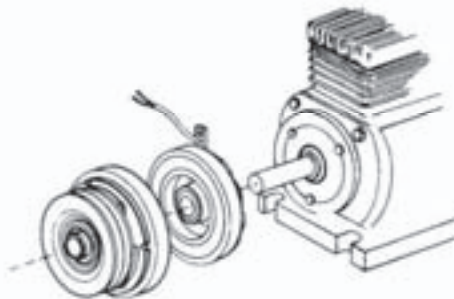
Clutch Mounting

Warner Electric clutches are offered with flange or bearing mounts. Select the type best suited for your application based on the information below.



Flange Mounted Clutches

In a flange mount clutch application, the field is bolted directly to a fixed member on either the output (engine crankcase or electric motor) or the driven accessory (input). Mounting brackets and fixtures for a specific application must be designed in accordance with the clutch dimensions found in the specifications section to ensure proper perpendicularity and concentricity.



Bearing Mounted Clutches

Bearing mounted clutches are pre-assembled into a complete operating unit which is mounted directly to the shaft. In this design, the field is mounted on its own bearing as an internal part of the clutch and has an antirotation tang to prevent it from turning in operation. This antirotation tang is to be pinned LOOSELY to a member or held with a torque arm.

Clutch Location

Wherever possible, the clutch should be located on the higher speed shaft.

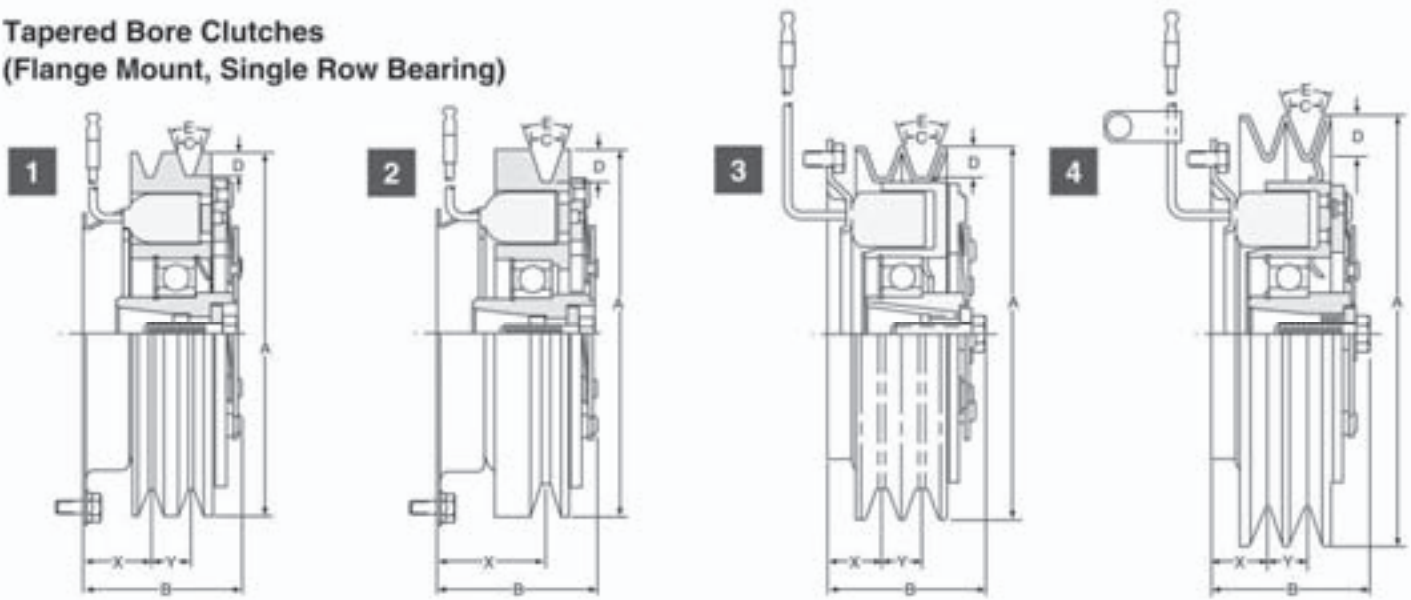
Clutch Rotation

Direction of drive can be a significant design consideration in applications with a peak load during clutch engagement. Warner Electric clutches incorporate leaf springs in the armature to transmit the load. When peak loads at start-up are possible, springs should be oriented so that they are placed in tension (stretch).

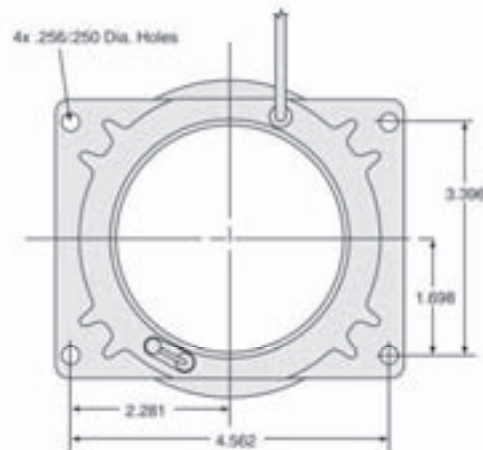
Clutch rotation can be determined by observing the leaf spring direction on the armature.

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Single Row Bearing)



Field (Common)



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	B	X	Y	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
					C	D	E						
5.75	1	2.66	1.10	.59	.38	.36	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-97
5.90	1	2.66	1.17	.64	.38	.36	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-18
6.00	2	2.29	1.50	—	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-78
6.00	2	2.66	1.81	—	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-90
6.00	3	2.44	.89	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-18
6.00	3	2.44	.89	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	2.59	9.28	75	CW	1411-35 ²
6.00	3	2.44	.89	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1411-23
6.25	2	2.66	2.13	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-70
6.70	2	2.82	2.38	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-19
7.00	4	2.50	.89	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-72
7.00	4	2.50	.89	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	2.59	9.28	75	CW	1411-76 ²

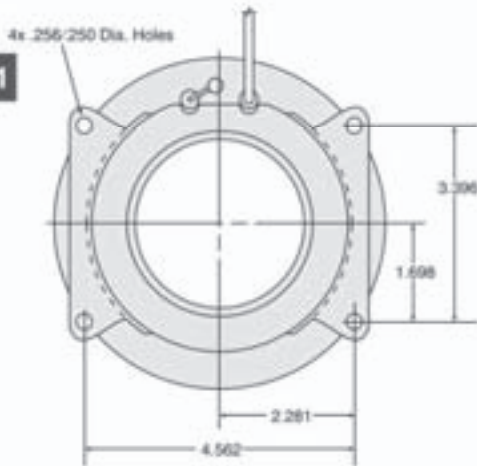
¹Cold current draw ²24V

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

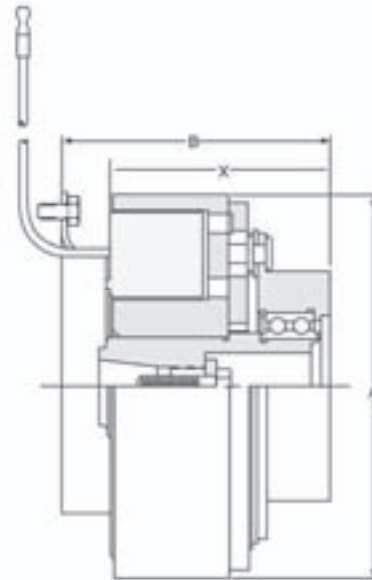
Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange or Yoke Direct Drive, Double Row Bearing)

Fields

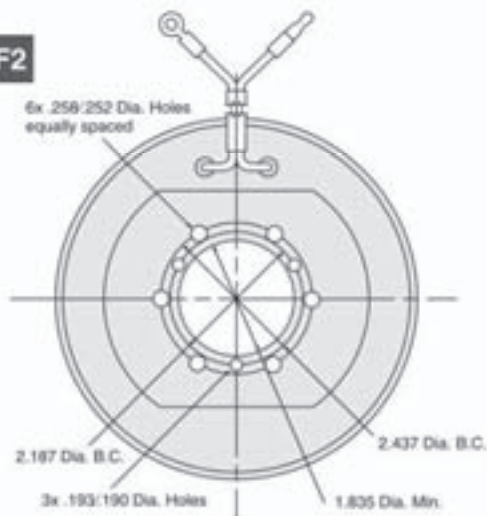
F1



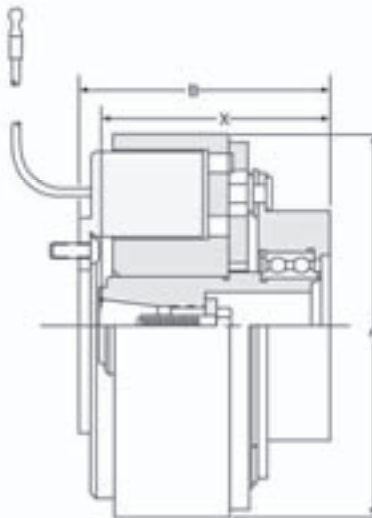
1



F2



2



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

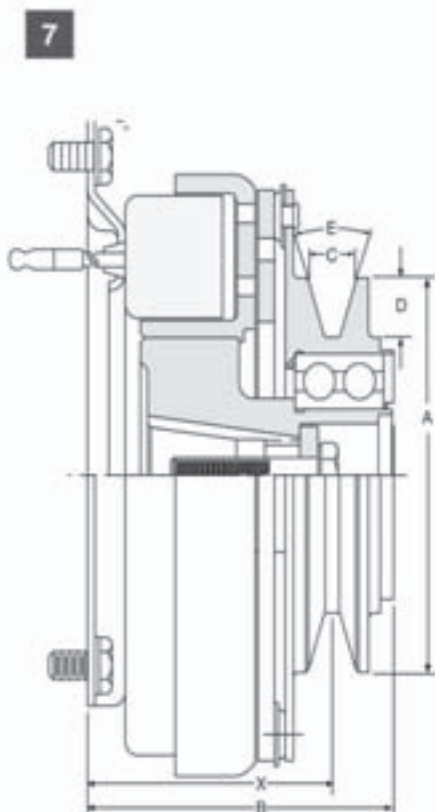
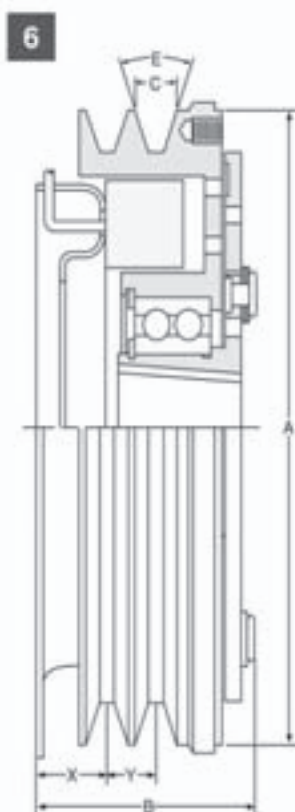
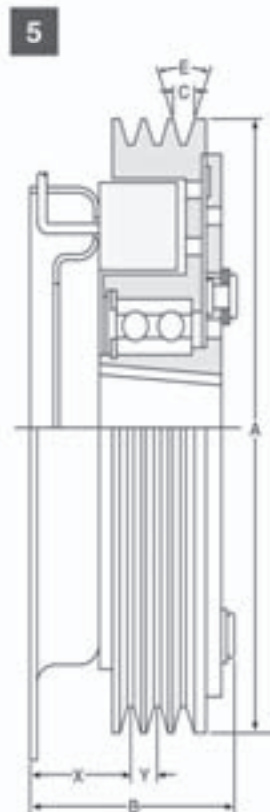
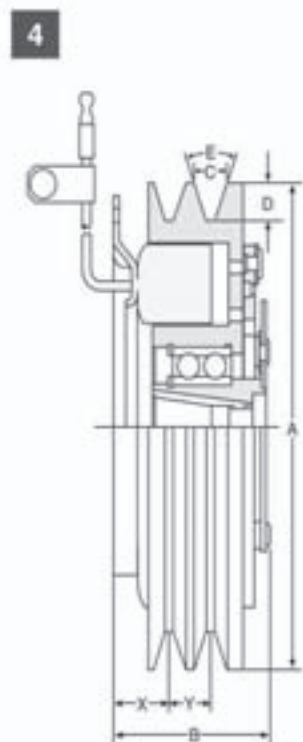
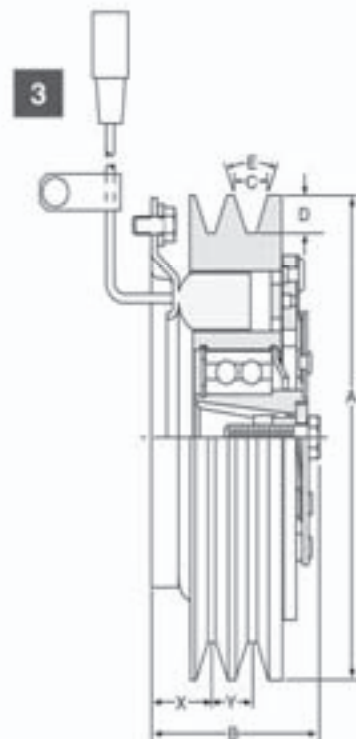
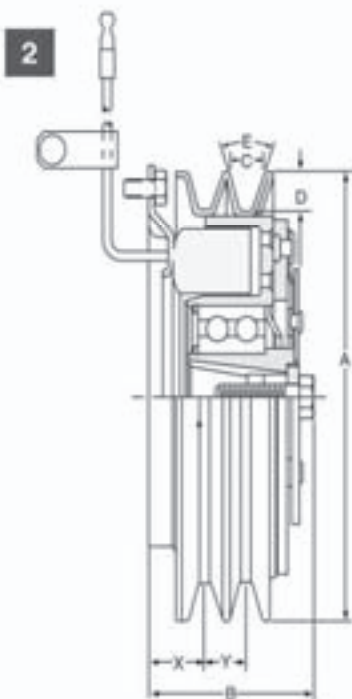
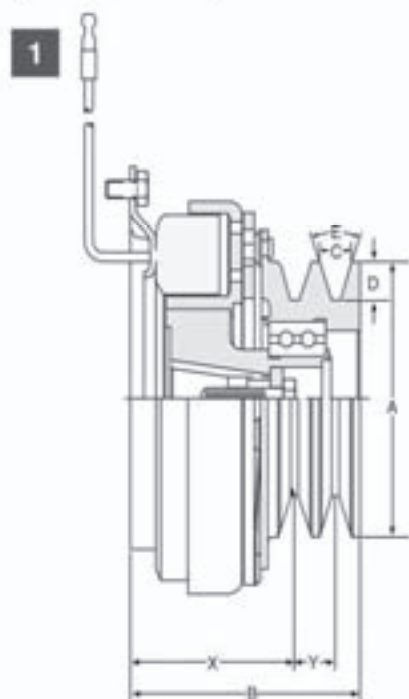
Drive shaft alignment must be within 3° maximum.
(Clutch centerline must be within 3° of power source centerline).

A	Clutch Type	Field Type	Groove Size			Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
			B	X	Y	C	D	E						
6.14	1	F1	4.42	3.72	—	—	—	—	.841	4.58	2.62	200	CCW	1415-1
6.14	2	F2	4.14	3.72	—	—	—	—	.841	4.58	2.62	200	CCW	1415-3

¹Cold current draw

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

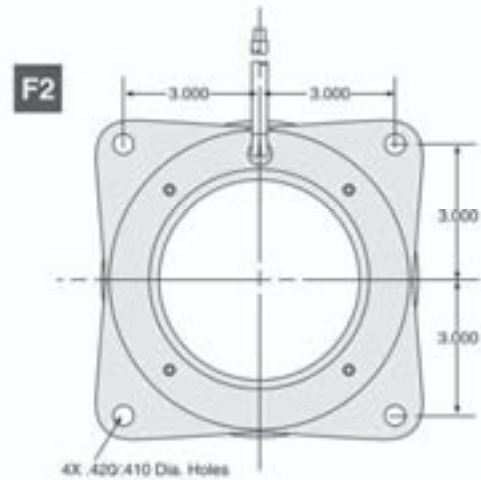
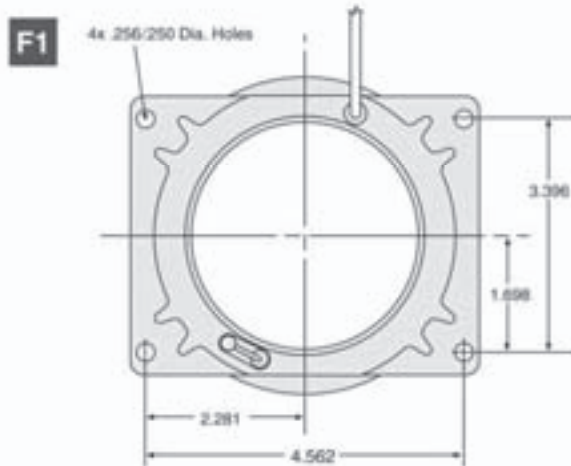
Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)

Fields



Notes:

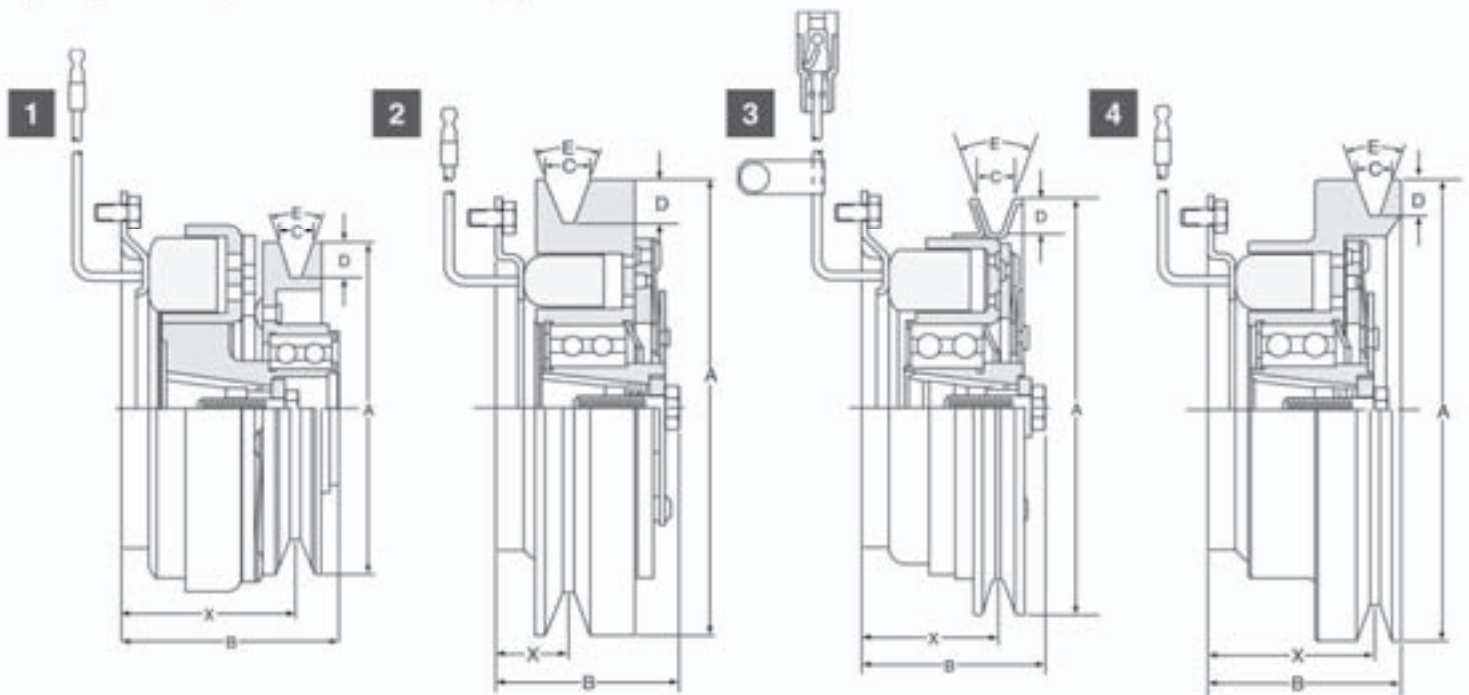
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	Field Type	B	X	Y	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
						C	D	E						
3.52	7	F1	3.122	2.5	—	—	.52	38°	.841	4.99	2.41	75	CW	1411-96
3.75	1	F1	3.62	2.55	.62	.50	.53	36°	.841	4.99	2.406	75	CW	1411-69
6.00	2	F1	2.50	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-39
6.00	2	F1	2.50	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	2.59	9.28	75	CW	1411-50 ²
6.00	2	F1	2.51	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1411-67
6.00	2	F1	2.51	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1411-55 ³
6.00	2	F1	2.46	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-68 ³
6.00	2	F1	2.54	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-54 ³
6.00	3	F1	2.66	1.32	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-21
6.00	4	F1	2.48	.91	.62	.50	.50	36°	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-43 ²
6.70	3	F1	2.48	.88	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-28
6.70	3	F1	2.70	1.82	.56	.38	.42	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-43
6.70	4	F1	2.57	.88	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.952	2.423	120	CW	1466-53
7.00	2	F1	2.50	.91	.62	.50	.56	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-41
7.00	2	F1	2.50	.91	.62	.50	.56	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1411-42
7.00	2	F1	2.51	.91	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1411-56 ³
7.00	2	F1	2.50	.91	.62	.50	.56	36°	.841	2.59	9.28	75	CW	1411-86 ²
8.48	5	F2	3.21	1.55	.41	.35	—	40°	1.435	3.352	7.16	340	CW	1414-26 ^{2,4}
8.64	6	F2	3.21	1.085	.75	.65	—	38°	1.435	5.538	2.167	340	CW	1414-27 ¹

¹Cold current draw ²24V ³Special terminal ⁴8:1 taper

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)



Same Field as page 11

Notes:

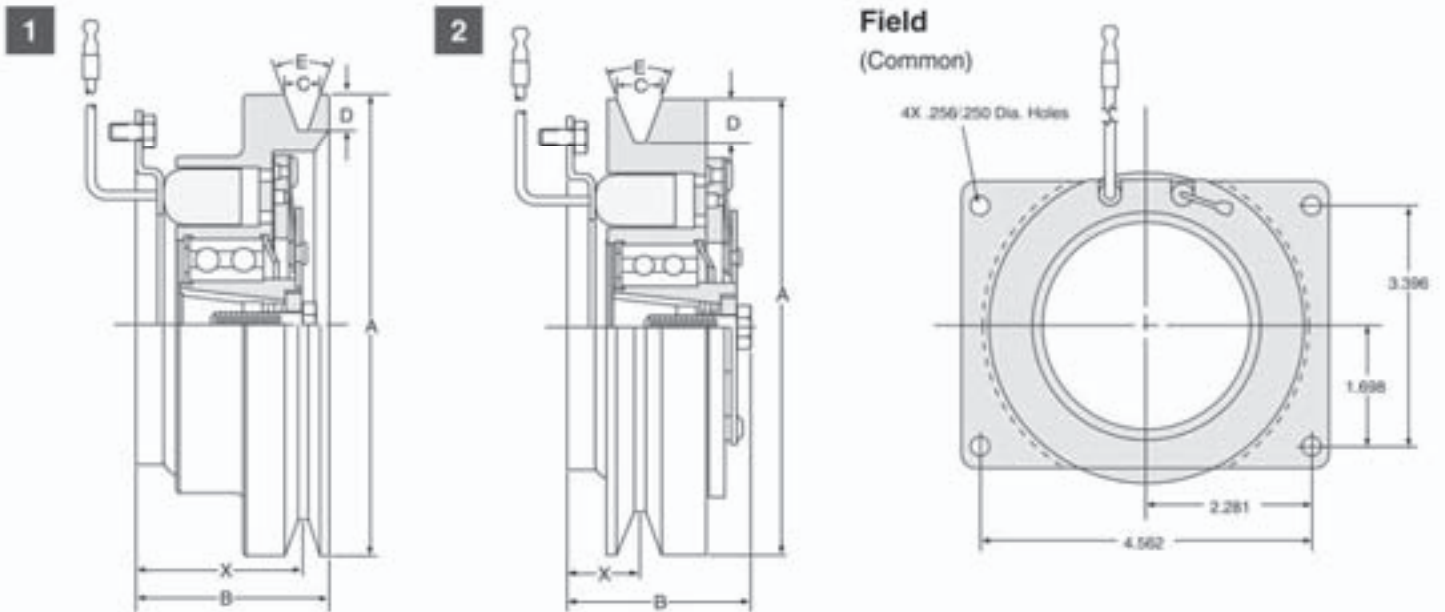
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	B	X	Y	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
					C	D	E						
4.88	1	3.16	2.50	—	.50	.56	36°	.841	4.99	2.406	75	CW	1411-48
6.00	2	2.48	.93	—	.60	.52	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-69
6.00	2	2.48	1.50	—	.60	.52	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-70
6.00	2	2.66	1.41	—	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-20
6.00	2	2.66	1.24	—	.66	.59	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-26
6.00	3	2.66	1.95	—	.50	.44	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-36
6.10	2	2.78	1.35	—	.66	.55	38°	.841	2.54	9.43	75	CW	1466-64 ²
6.70	4	2.79	2.38	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-19
6.70	4	2.79	2.38	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-41 ²
6.70	4	2.59	2.19	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-32
6.70	4	2.79	2.05	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-33
6.70	4	2.79	2.05	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-48 ²
6.70	4	2.79	2.05	—	.60	.56	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-43

¹Cold current draw ²24V

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)



Notes:

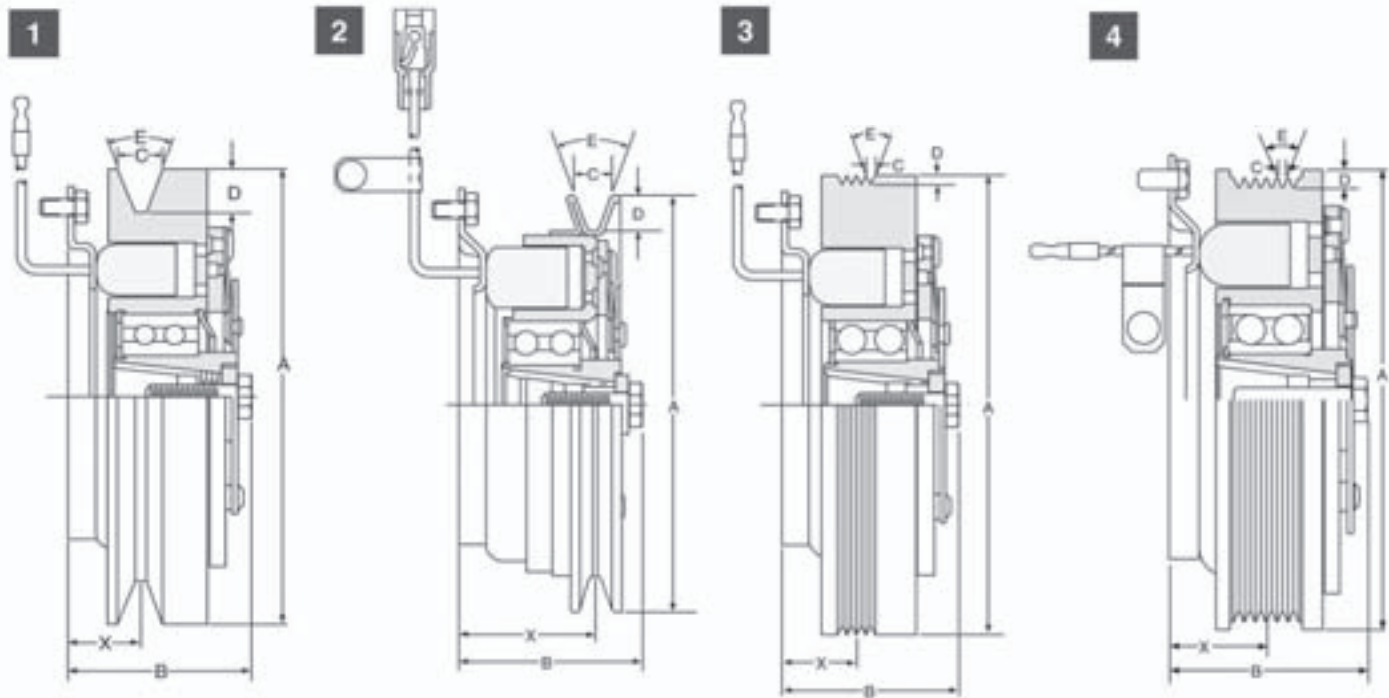
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	B	X	Y	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
					C	D	E						
6.70	1	2.84	2.38	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-44
6.70	1	2.79	2.29	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-46
6.70	1	2.53	1.95	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-49
6.70	1	2.53	1.95	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-55 ²
6.70	1	2.60	2.13	—	.66	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-87
6.70	1	2.84	2.37	—	.66	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-47
6.70	2	2.48	1.02	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-34
6.70	2	2.48	1.02	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-49 ²
6.70	2	2.48	1.18	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-42
6.70	2	2.48	1.18	—	.60	.56	38'	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1436-51 ²

¹Cold current draw ²24V

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)



Same Field as page 11

Notes:

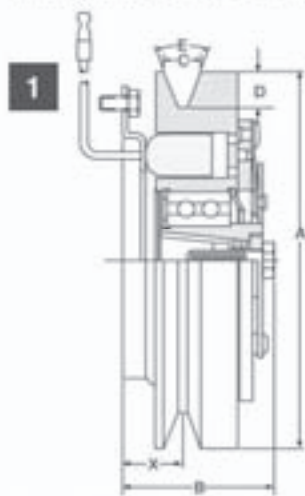
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	B	Number of Grooves	Groove Size					Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.
				X	Y	C	D	E						
5.79	4	2.53	6	1.24	.14	.14	.14	40°	.841	2.5	9.61	75	CW	1466-105 ²
6.70	1	2.48	1	1.02	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-39
6.70	1	2.48	1	1.02	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	2.50	9.61	75	CW	1466-68 ^{2,3}
6.70	1	2.48	1	1.24	—	.66	.56	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-45
6.70	1	2.48	1	.87	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1466-84 ²
6.70	2	2.97	1	2.29	—	.78	.68	38°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-49
6.70	2	2.73	1	2.05	—	.79	.69	38°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-61
6.70	2	2.52	1	1.95	—	.50	.50	36°	.841	4.651	2.58	75	CW	1411-70
6.75	3	2.48	4	.82	—	.14	.15	40°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1436-73 ⁴

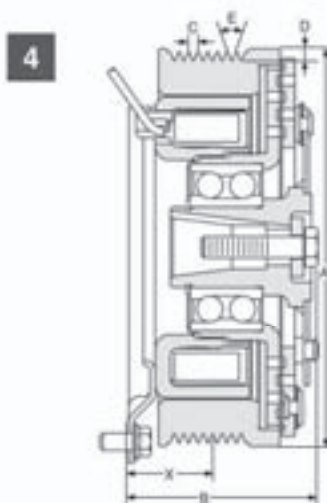
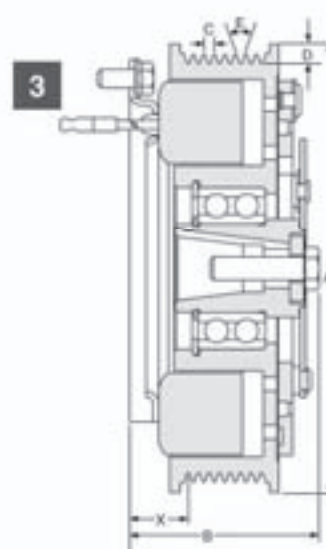
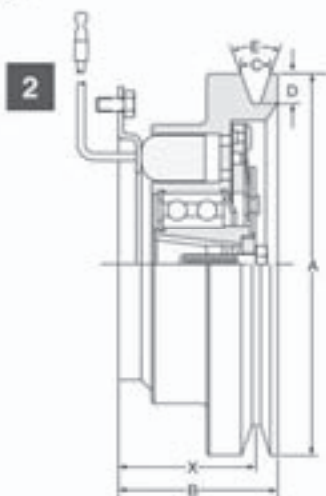
¹Cold current draw ²24V ³Special terminal ⁴Poly-V (4 groove pulley)

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)

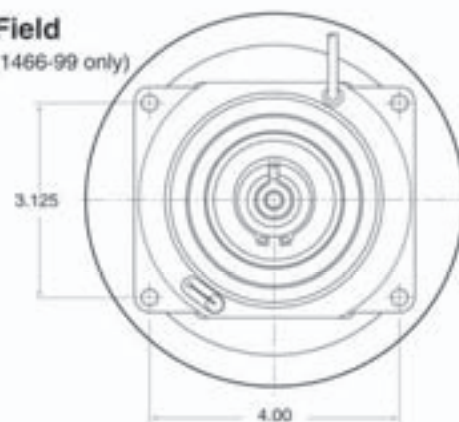


Same Field as page 11



Field

(1466-99 only)



Notes:

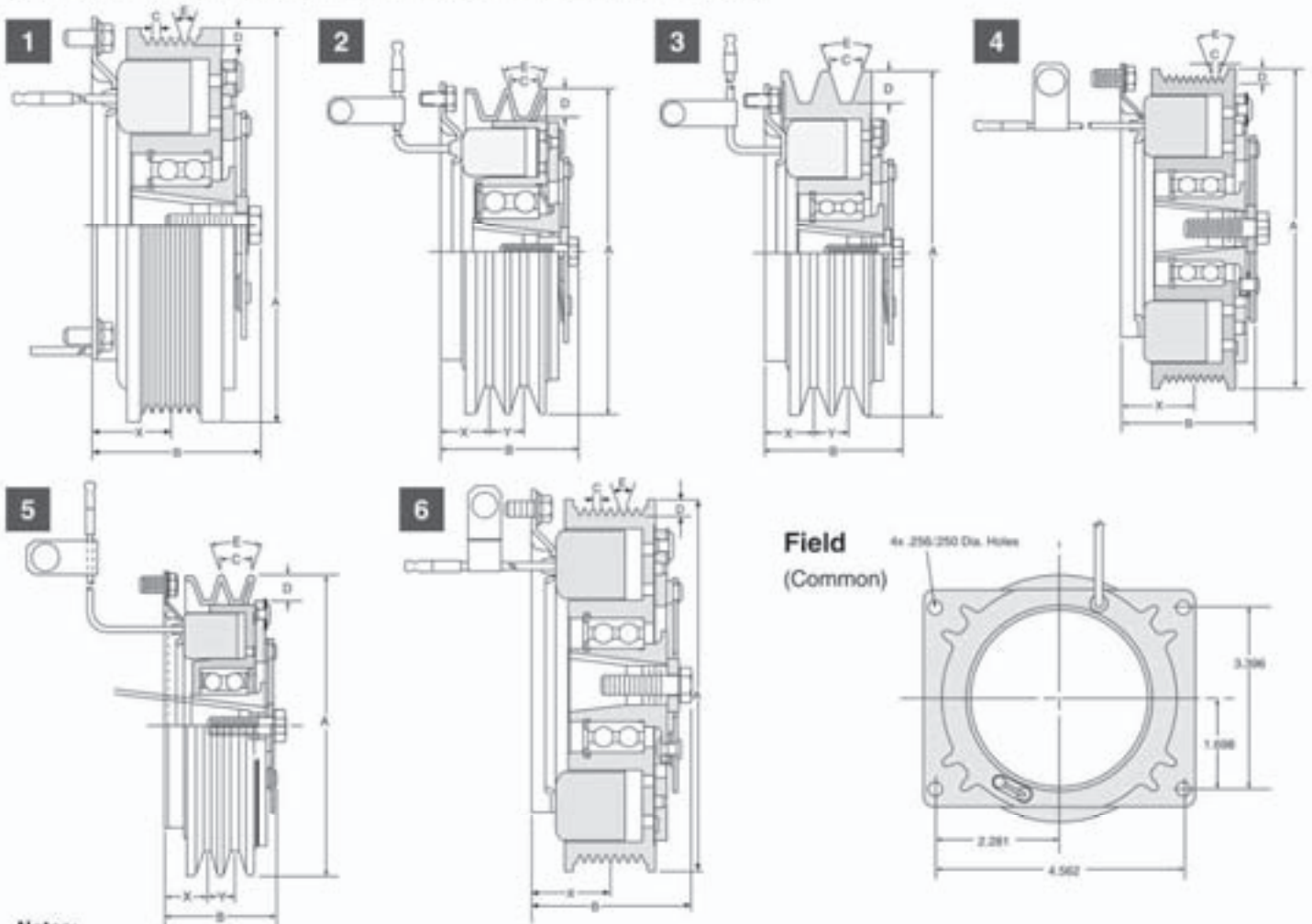
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

A	Clutch Type	B	Number of Grooves	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.		
				X	Y	E								
5.82	4	2.76	8	1.16	.14	.14	.14	40°	.841	4.89	2.45	180	CW	1417-44
6.00	3	2.71	8	.89	.14	.14	.14	40°	.841	4.35	2.42	100	CW	1417-42
6.00	3	2.71	8	.89	.14	.14	.13	40°	.841	2.47	9.73	100	CW	1466-99 ²
6.00	3	2.71	8	.89	.14	.14	.13	40°	.841	4.35	2.42	100	CW	1473-69
6.88	1	2.48	1	1.02	—	.79	.88	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-88 ⁴
6.92	1	2.48	1	1.02	—	.80	.69	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-41
7.00	1	2.48	1	1.19	—	.79	.69	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1406-97
7.25	2	2.82	1	2.29	—	.79	.88	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-92 ⁴
7.25	2	2.75	1	2.05	—	.79	.88	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-94 ⁴
7.25	2	2.56	1	1.95	—	.79	.88	38°	.841	4.55	2.64	75	CW	1466-96 ⁴
7.25	2	2.56	1	1.95	—	.79	.88	38°	.841	2.545	9.43	75	CW	1466-95 ^{2,4}

¹Cold current draw ²24V ³Hi inertia clutch ⁴A/B groove

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Tapered Bore Clutches (Special Construction, Flange Mount, Double Row Bearing)



Notes:

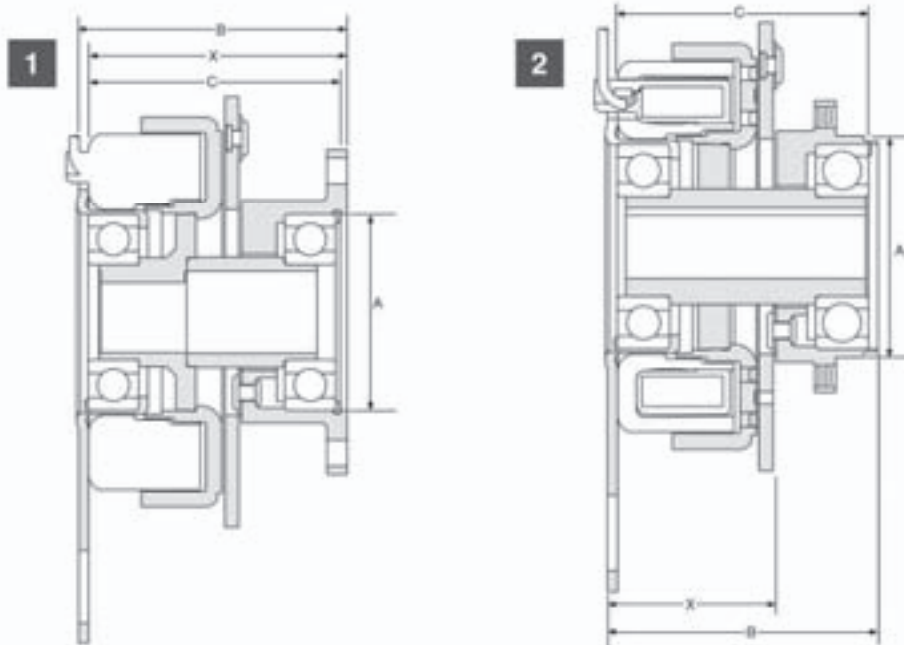
Clutches on this page are specially constructed to withstand more severe operating environments. All dimensions are inches. All units 12V unless otherwise

A	Clutch Type	B	Number of Grooves	Groove Size			Gage Line	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Static Torque lb ft	Rotation	Model No.		
				X	Y	E								
5.75	1	2.57	6	1.20	—	.14	.14	40°	.841	4.952	2.423	120	CW	1417-11
5.80	6	2.61	6	1.20	.14	.14	.14	40°	.841	2.47	9.73	100	CW	1417-41 ⁴
6.00	2	2.52	2	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.75	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1417-2 ²
6.00	2	2.57	2	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1417-8
6.00	4	2.60	7	.85	.14	.14	.14	40°	.84	4.95	2.42	120	CW	1417-18
6.00	4	2.71	8	.89	.14	.14	.14	40°	.841	2.47	9.73	100	CW	1417-36 ⁴
6.20	5	2.46	2	.91	.62	.50	.42	36°	.750	4.36	2.75	90	CCW	1417-27 ²
6.22	3	2.46	2	.85	.73	.61	.64	34°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1417-9
6.70	3	2.57	2	.88	.62	.50	.55	36°	.841	4.952	2.423	120	CW	1417-4
6.89	3	2.57	2	.78	.75	.61	.63	34°	.841	4.952	2.423	120	CW	1417-12 ³
7.00	2	2.52	2	.91	.62	.50	.55	36°	.75	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1417-1 ²
7.00	2	2.57	2	.91	.62	.50	.56	36°	.841	4.36	2.752	90	CW	1417-7

¹Cold current draw ²8:1 Taper ³A/B grooves ⁴24V

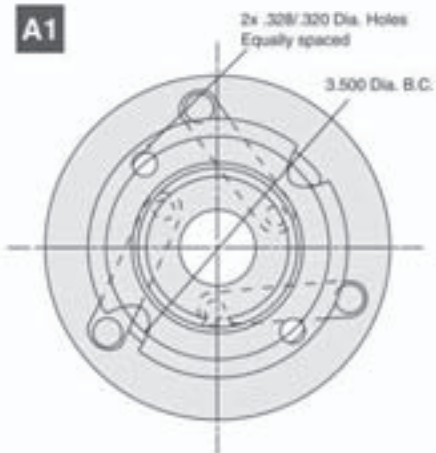
Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Straight Bore Clutches (Bearing Mount)

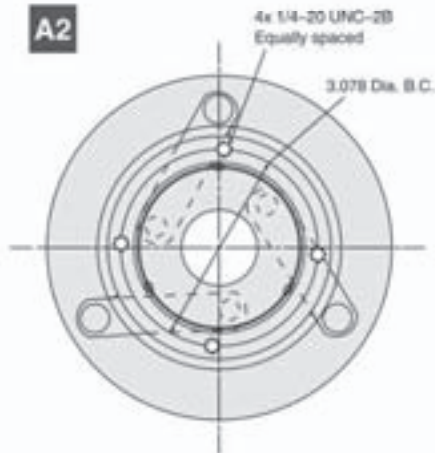


Armatures

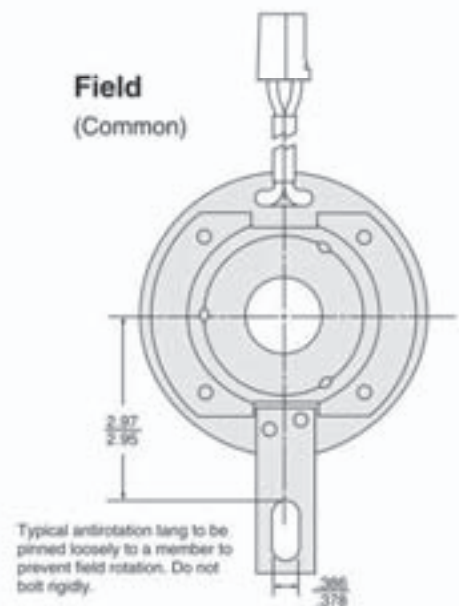
A1



A2



**Field
(Common)**



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless
otherwise indicated

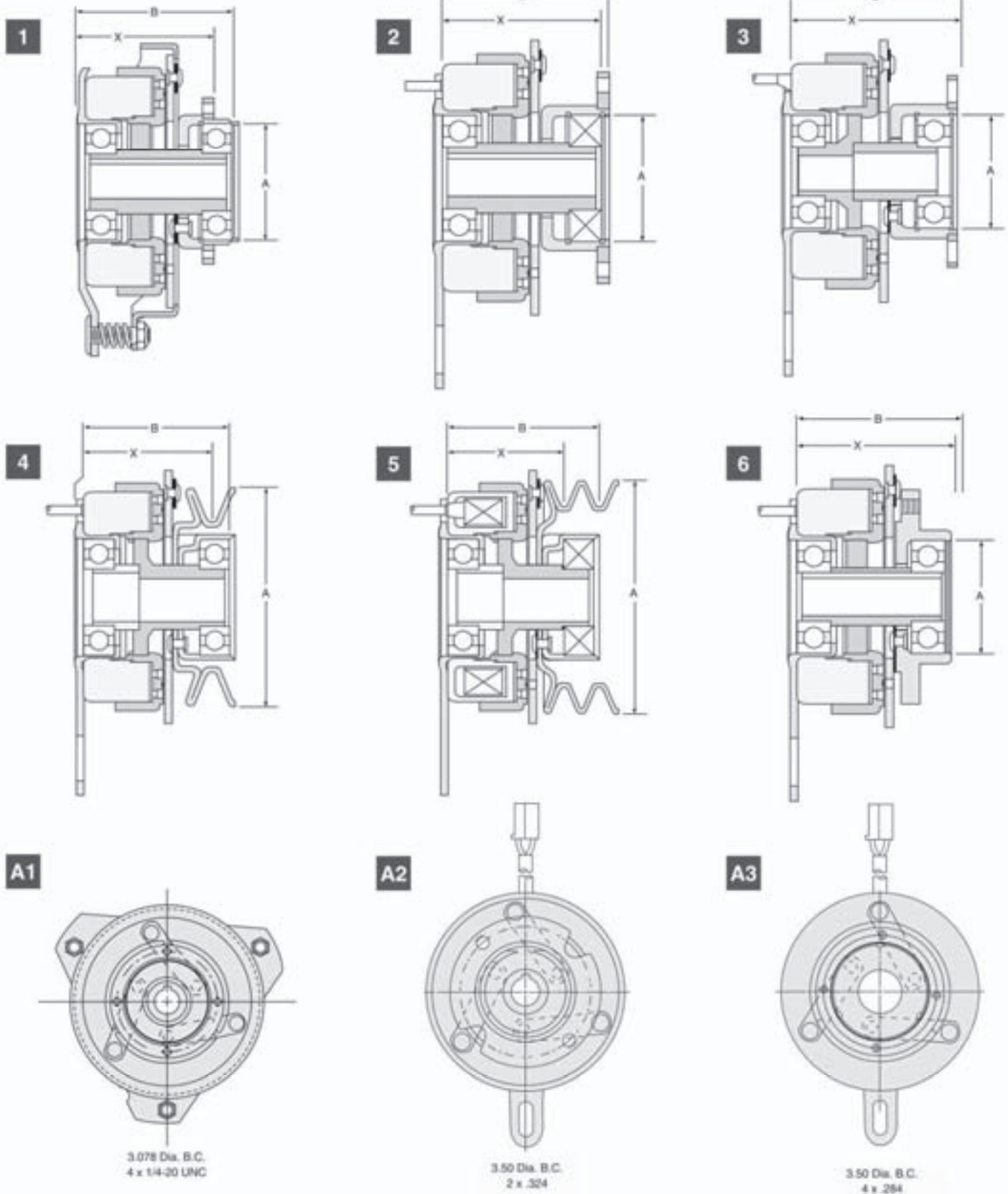
Bore Size	Clutch Type	Armature Type	A	B	X	C	Static Torque lb ft	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Rotation	Keyway	Model No.
3/4"	2	A2	2.64	3.31	2.60	2.635	80	.56	161	CCW	.189	5215-105 ²
1"	1	A1	2.44	3.375	3.21	3.045	70	4.89	2.45	CCW	.25	5215-60

¹Cold current draw

²90 Volts

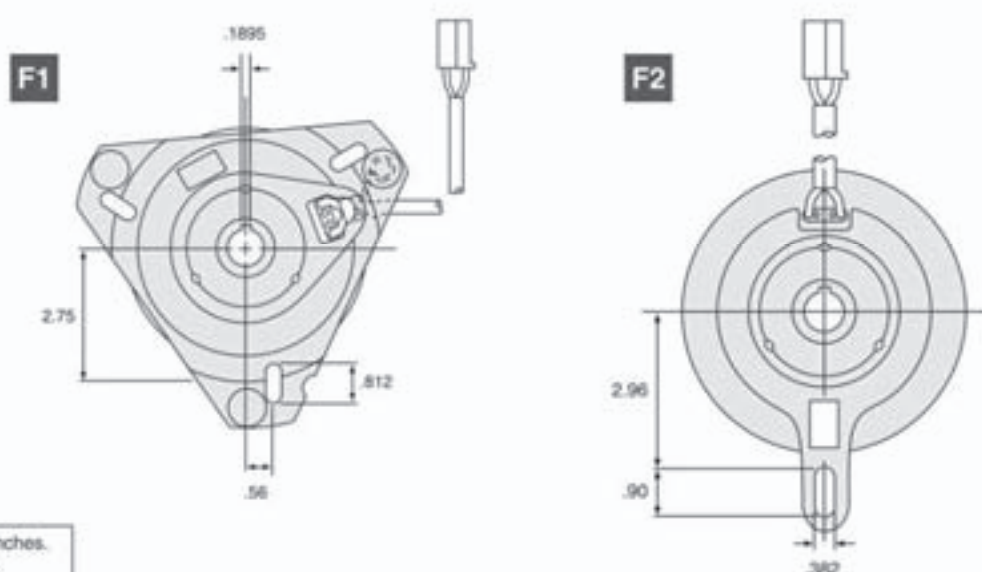
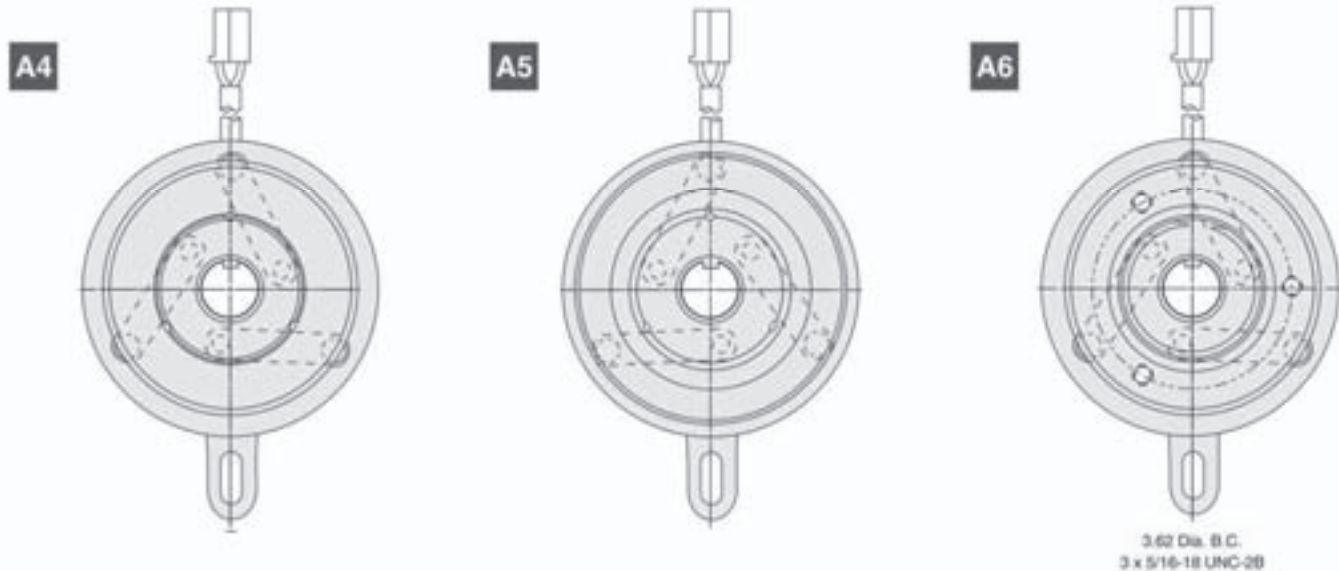
Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Straight Bore Clutches (Bearing Mount)



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Straight Bore Clutches (Bearing Mount)



Notes:
All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless
otherwise indicated

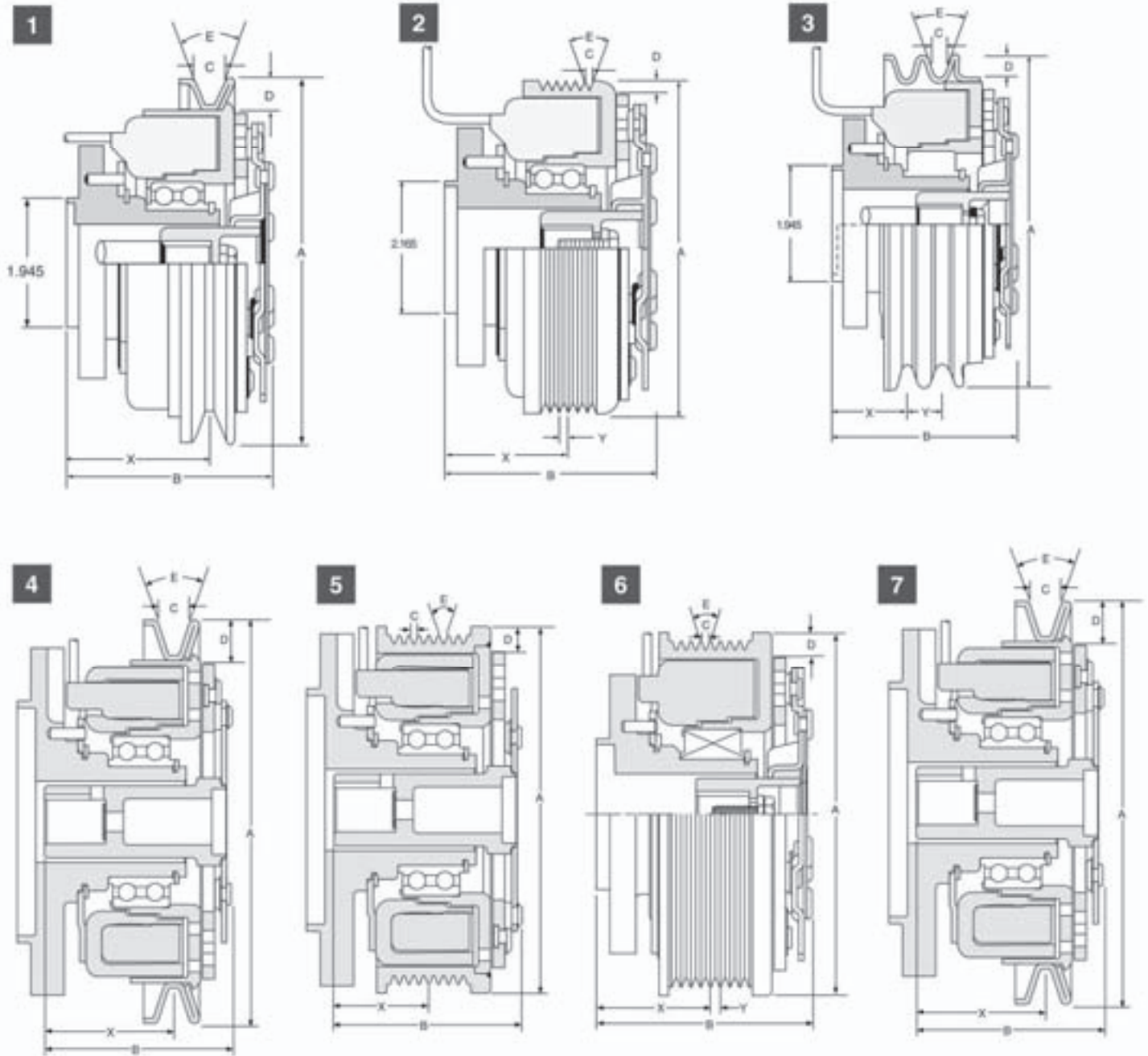
Bore Size	Clutch Type	Armature Type	Field Type	Pitch diameter									Static Torque lb ft	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Rotation	Keyway	Part No.
				A	A Belt	B Belt	B	X	Y	C	D	E						
3/4"	1	A1	F1	2.64	—	—	3.41	2.95	—	—	—	—	105	4.51	2.66	CCW	.19	5215-66
3/4"	2	A2	F2	2.44	—	—	3.40	3.21	—	—	—	—	70	4.51	2.66	CCW	.19	5215-67
1"	3	A2	F2	2.44	—	—	3.21	3.21	—	—	—	—	105	4.84	2.48	CCW	.25	5215-60
1"	3	A3	F2	2.64	—	—	2.96	2.60	—	—	—	—	105	4.84	2.48	CCW	.25	5215-57
1"	4	A4	F2	4.6	—	4.62	3.52	2.77	—	.63	.55	36"	70	4.51	2.66	CCW	.25	5215-63
1"	5	A5	F2	5.1	5.07	—	3.73	2.37	.67	.49	.48	34"	70	4.51	2.66	CW	.25	5215-77
1"	6	A6	F2	3.00	—	—	3.08	2.30	—	—	—	—	105	4.84	2.48	CCW	.25	5215-82

¹Cold current draw

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

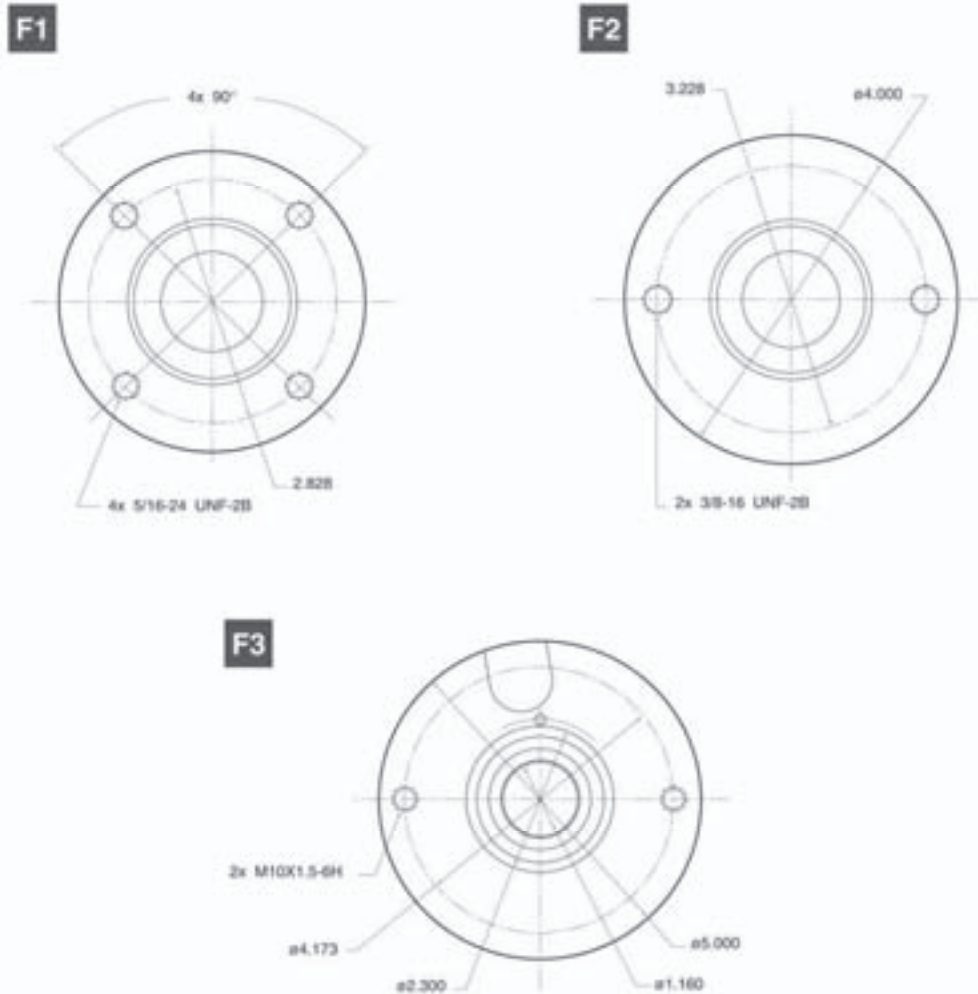
Straight Bore Clutches (Special Construction, Flange Mount)

(The clutches on this page include mounting hub)



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Mounting Hubs



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

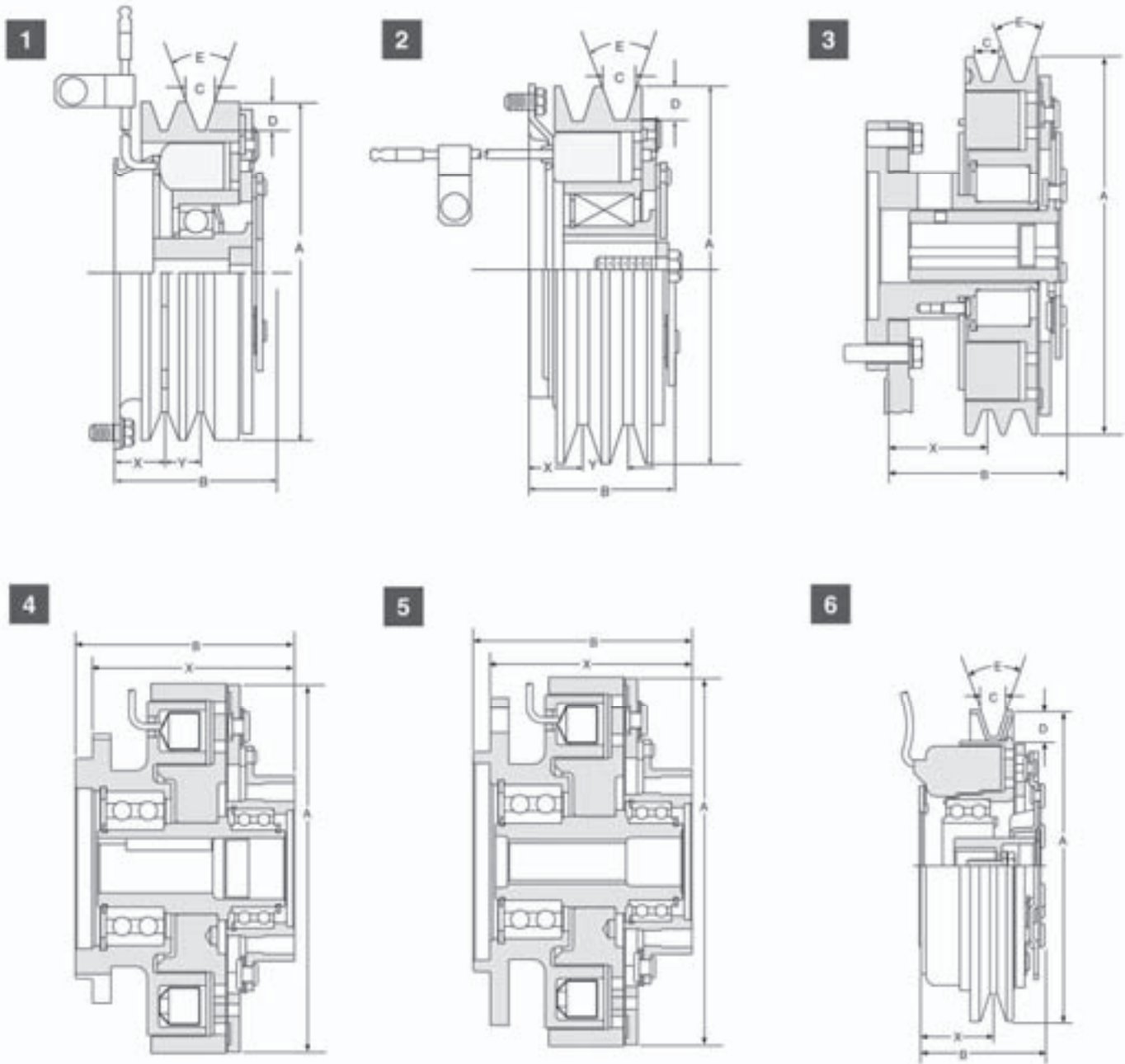
F3 Mounting hub fits AA mount pumps

Bore Size	Clutch Type	Mounting Hub Type	A	B	X	Y	C	D	E	Static Torque lb ft	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Rotation	Keyway	Model No.
1/2"	1	F1	5.80	3.19	1.94	—	.44	.42	36°	75	3.41	3.52	CW	.16	1417-22
1/2"	2	F2	4.91	3.19	1.24	.14	.14	.13	40°	90	4.92	2.44	CW	.16	1417-24
1/2"	3	F1	5.59	3.19	1.60	.56	.38	.36	36°	90	4.92	2.44	CW	.16	1417-26
.532	6	F2	4.96	2.95	1.44	.14	.14	.14	40°	70	4.63	2.59	CW	.16	1417-31
.532	7	F1	5.55	2.95	1.04	.56	.38	.36	36°	70	2.53	9.51	CW	.16	1417-37 ²
.627	4	F3	5.76	2.83	2.23	—	0.437	0.42	36°	90	2.523	9.513	CCW	0.158	1417-34 ²
.627	4	F3	5.76	2.83	2.23	—	0.437	0.42	36°	90	2.523	9.513	CW	0.158	1417-35 ²
.627	5	F3	5.00	2.83	1.54	—	0.14	0.14	40°	90	2.523	9.513	CW	0.158	1417-45 ²

¹Cold current draw ² 24 V

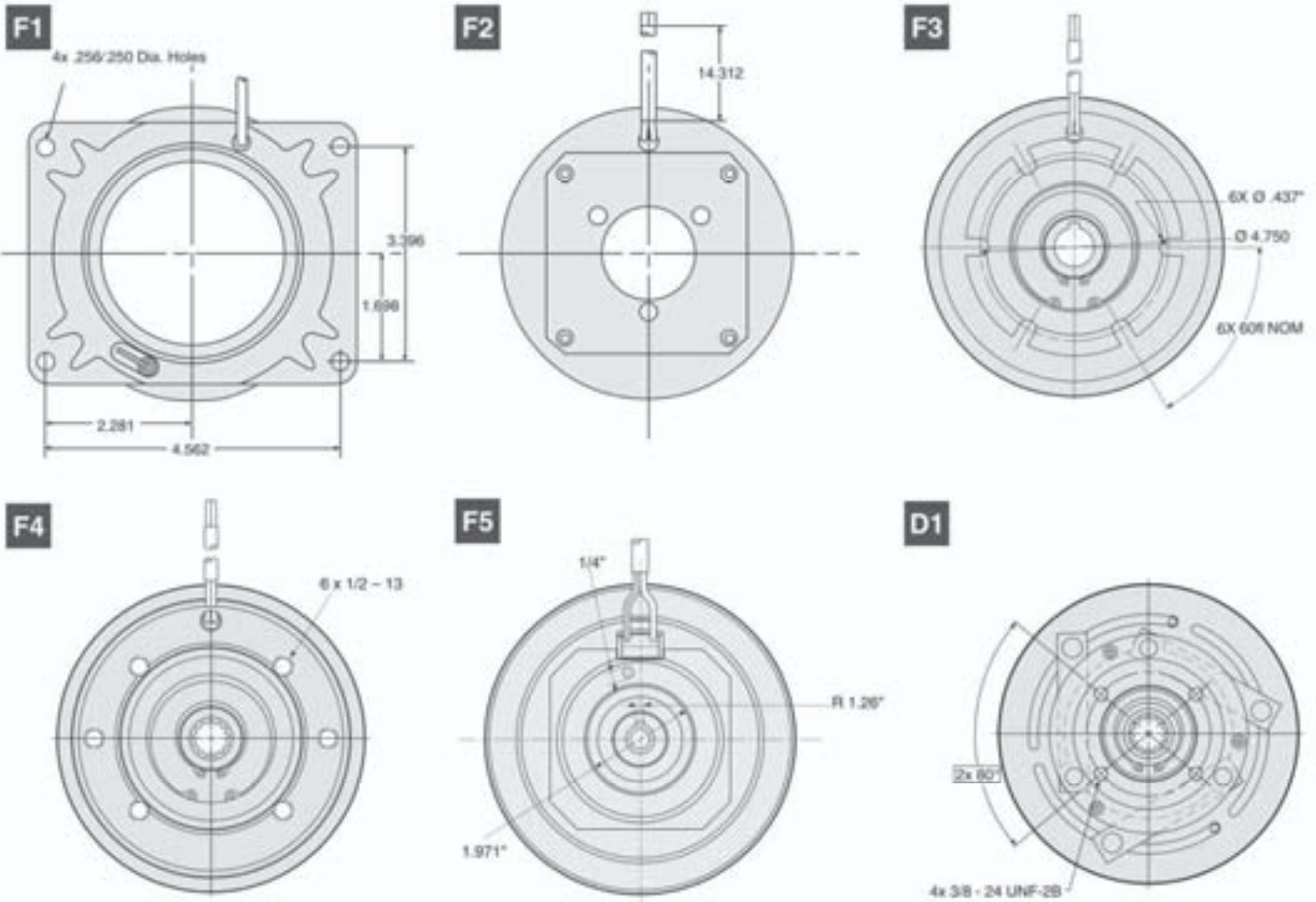
Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Straight Bore Clutches (Special Construction)



Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Fields



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless otherwise indicated

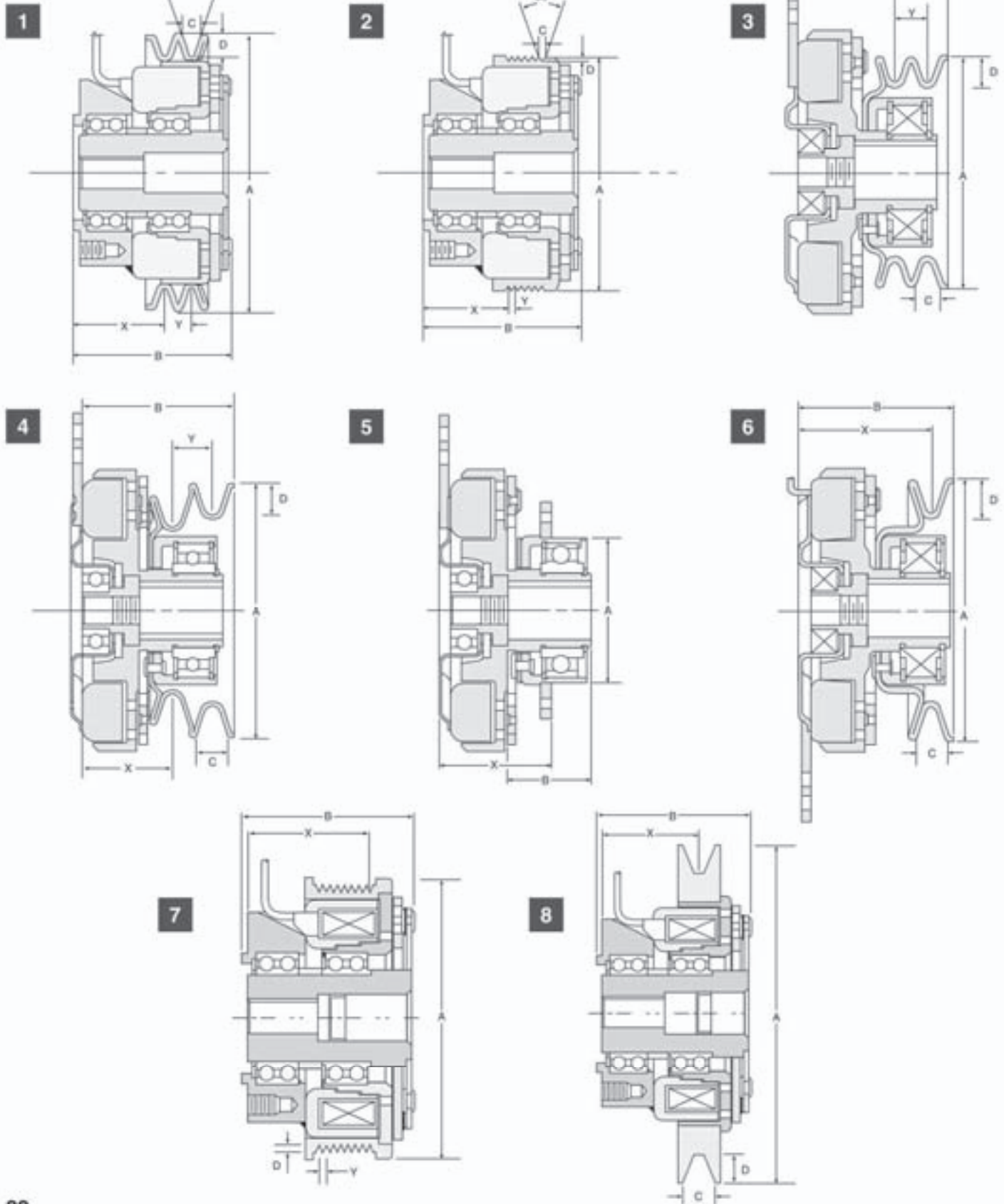
Bore Clutch Size	Clutch Type	Field Type	Drive Coupling	Pitch diameter										Static Torque lb ft	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Rotation	Keyway	Model No.
				A	A Belt	B Belt	B	X	Y	C	D	E							
9/16"	1	F1	—	5.98	5.73	—	2.63	.89	.63	.51	.46	38°	75	4.55	2.65	CW	.127	1417-16	
3/4"	2	F1	—	6.22	—	5.88	2.56	.85	.73	.61	.63	34°	90	4.36	2.752	CW	.189	1417-10	
3/4"	2	F1	—	6.22	—	5.88	2.56	.85	.73	.61	.63	34°	90	2.59	9.28	CW	.189	1417-13 ²	
7/8"	2	F1	—	6.22	—	5.88	2.56	.85	.73	.61	.63	34°	90	4.36	2.75	CW	.189	1417-20	
1"	3	F2	—	8.36	—	8.00	3.98	2.19	.69	.60	.54	38°	200	5.538	2.167	CW	.252	1415-4 ³	
1"	4	F3	D1	7.56	—	—	4.469	4.11	—	—	—	—	200	5.54	2.17	CCW	0.25	1415-5	
Sp	5	F4	D1	7.56	—	—	4.469	4.11	—	—	—	—	200	5.54	2.17	CCW	—	1415-7 ⁴	
1"	4	F3	D1	7.56	—	—	4.469	4.11	—	—	—	—	200	3.35	7.16	CCW	0.25	1415-8 ⁷	
Sp	5	F4	D1	7.56	—	—	4.469	4.11	—	—	—	—	200	3.35	7.16	CCW	—	1415-9 ⁴	
1"	3	F2	D1	8.36	—	8.00	3.98	2.19	.69	.60	.54	38°	200	3.35	7.16	CW	0.252	1415-10 ^{2,3}	
.532"	6	F5	—	5.63	.44	—	2.43	1.37	—	.44	.42	36°	75	3.38	3.55	CW	0.16	1417-43	

¹Cold current draw ²24V ³For Gresen pump only

⁴ 13 tooth spline hub clutches must be installed on pumps with internal involute flat root side fit splines per ANSI-892. Major diameter .901" max.

Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

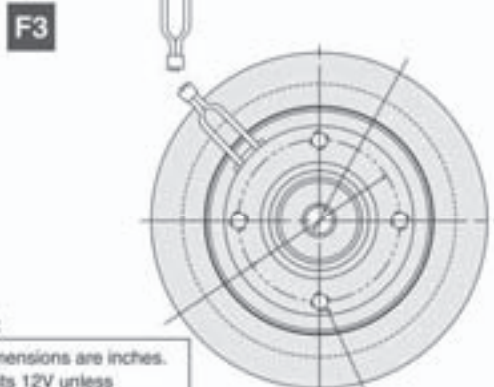
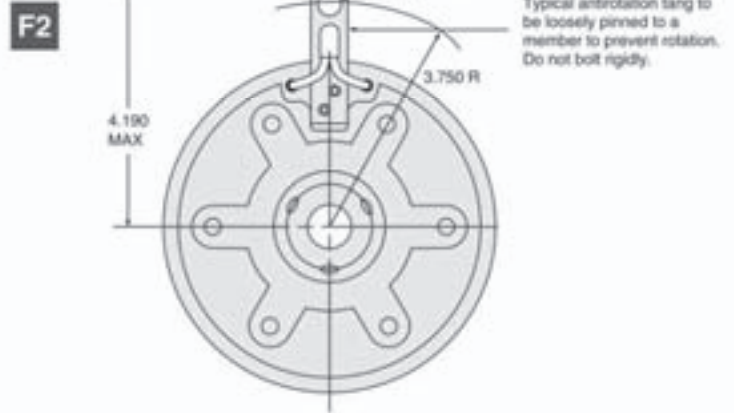
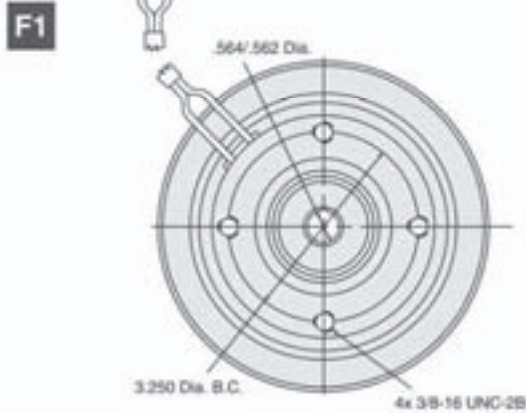
Straight Bore Clutches (Shaft Mount)



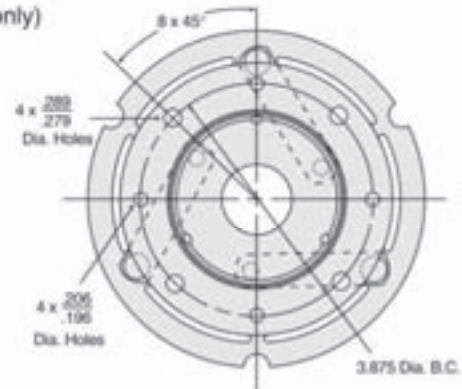
Engine, Pump and Compressor Clutches—Dimensions

Straight Bore Clutches (Shaft Mount)

Fields



Armature (5208-62 only)



Notes:

All dimensions are inches.
All units 12V unless
otherwise indicated

Bore Size	Clutch Type	Field Type	Pitch diameter								Static Torque lb ft	Current ¹ Draw Amps	Resistance Ohms ¹	Rotation	Keyway	Model No.
			A	A Belt	B Belt	B	X	Y	C	D						
9/16"	1	F1	5.65	—	—	3.30	1.88	.56	.380	.38	75	3.41	3.52	CW	.127	1417-14 ²
9/16"	2	F1	5.00	—	—	3.30	1.74	.14	.120	.126	75	3.41	3.52	CW	.127	1417-15 ²
9/16"	1	F1	6.05	—	—	3.30	1.752	.65	.44	.46	75	3.41	3.52	CW	.127	1417-17
9/16"	1	F1	6.05	—	—	3.30	1.752	.65	.44	.46	75	2.53	9.51	CW	.127	1417-38 ³
9/16"	1	F1	6.05	—	—	3.30	1.752	.65	.44	.46	90	2.53	9.51	CW	.127	1417-39
9/16"	7	F1	6.00	—	—	3.34	2.308	.14	.120	.13	75	3.38	3.52	CW	.13	1417-28
9/16"	8	F1	6.05	—	—	3.30	1.88	.65	.44	.46	75	2.56	9.38	CW	.127	1417-29 ³
1"	3	F2	4.93	4.50	—	3.48	2.027	.67	.49	.48	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-55
1"	4	F2	5.22	—	^{3.98/4.31}	3.53	1.859	.82	.637	.55	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-4
1"	5	F2	2.98	—	—	3.22	2.38	—	—	—	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-62
1 1/2"	3	F2	4.93	4.50	—	3.48	2.027	.67	.494	.48	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-29
1 1/2"	4	F2	5.22	—	^{3.98/4.31}	3.53	1.859	.82	.637	.55	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-3
1 1/2"	6	F2	5.36	4.74	5.08	3.34	2.52	—	.612	.632	70	4.17	2.88	CCW	.25	5208-40

¹Cold current draw

²Bracket mounting

³24 Volt

For all models shown: E Nom. 1.18, F Max. .170, G Max. 1.20, H Max. 1.47.

Glossary

Acceleration Time, Engagement Time

The time required to change the speed of a system from the moment the clutch receives the appropriate electrical signal until the clutch is fully engaged and the system is moving at its maximum speed.

Bearing Mount

A clutch which is preassembled into a complete operating unit and is mounted directly to the shaft.

Brushholder

A clutch component which carries electrical current from the lead wires to the rotating magnet.

Build Up Time

The time in seconds required to build up to 90% of rated flux which corresponds to 80% rated torque.

Burnishing

The process of cycling or "wearing in" of clutch or brake friction surfaces. This process ensures rated torque during initial cycles, and decreases the cycles required from installation to full rated torque output.

Decay Time

The time in seconds required to decay to 10% of rated flux which corresponds to 1% of rated torque on de-energization of the unit.

Deceleration Time, Engagement Time

The time required to stop a system from the moment the brake receives the appropriate electrical signal until the brake is statically engaged and the system is at rest.

Field

A component part of Warner Electric clutches consisting of a steel shell and a coil. Also referred to as a magnet.

Flange Mount

A clutch which has the field bolted directly to a fixed member on the machine.

Flux

Magnetic attraction caused by an electrical current.

Gap

The distance between armature and rotor faces in clutches when the unit is in an inactive state (i.e. disengaged).

Integral Key

A key shaped directly into the bore of a clutch. This is sometimes used in place of a standard keyway and key.

K Factor

See service factor.

Poles

1. Refers to magnet poles: North/South poles. 2. The edges of a Warner Electric magnet or field shell through which the magnetic flux flows.

Pulley

A sheave that turns or is turned by a belt so as to transmit torque, rotation.

Residual Magnetism

The condition in magnets where low level magnetism remains after the electric current is removed.

Rotor

The input member of a clutch/brake.

Service Factor

A figure by which torque is multiplied to ensure performance of the clutch under the worst case application conditions.

Tapered Bore (Shaft)

Many hydraulic pumps incorporate a taper on the output shaft, providing stronger clutch-to-shaft engagement than on straight shafts. Tapered shafts are most commonly in 4:1 and 8:1 taper ratios.

4:1 Taper: The shaft changes in diameter by one inch for each four inches of length.

8:1 Taper: The shaft changes in diameter by one inch for each eight inches of length.

Torque

Static: The torque which is developed when there is no relative motion or slippage between the mating friction surfaces. A clutch which is fully engaged and driving exhibits static torque. All standard units are rated on the basis of static torque after burnishing.

Dynamic: The torque developed when there is relative motion between the mating friction surface. The torque varies inversely with the amount of slip, so specific values must be taken from engineering data.

Clutch Location

Wherever possible, the clutch should be located on the higher speed shaft.

Clutch Rotation

Direction of drive can be a significant design consideration in applications with a peak load during clutch engagement. Warner Electric clutches incorporate leaf springs in the armature to transmit the load. Where peak loads at start-up are possible, springs should be oriented so that they are placed in tension (or stretch).

Spring rotation can be determined by observing the leaf spring direction on the armature.

Electrical Ratings

All current and resistance ratings are taken at ambient temperatures of 70F (20C).

Fluid Power Formulae

If you are sizing a clutch for a pump application, but do not know the HP required, the following formula will allow you to work back to the torque formulae.

If HP is unknown:

$$HP = \frac{GPM \times PSI \times .000583}{\text{Pump Efficiency}}$$

Where:

GPM = Fluid flow in gallons per minute.

PSI = Pressure in pounds per square inch.

Pump Efficiency = normally 85%.

Rules of Thumb

1 HP per gallon @ 1500 psi

.7 HP per gallon @ 1000 psi

If PSI is unknown:

1 cubic inch per revolution equals 16 lb.in. of torque per 100 psi.

1 gallon equals 231 cubic inches.

If GPM is unknown:

$$GPM = \frac{RPM \times DISP (IN^3)}{231}$$

Static Torque

The torque requirements for your particular application may be determined by using the following relationship:

$$T = \frac{5250 \times HP}{RPM}$$

$$T = \frac{CIR \times PSI}{75.4}$$

Voltage Requirements

Most clutches and clutch/brakes require 12 VDC to operate at their maximum torque rating. Less than 12 VDC may cause clutch slippage and premature failure.

Abbreviations:

T = Torque

HP = Horsepower

RPM = Speed of clutch (Revolutions per minute)

CIR = Cubic inch per revolution

PSI = Pounds per square inch

K = Service factor

Part Number Index

Warner	Page	Pitts	Ogura	Warner	Page	Pitts	Ogura	Warner	Page	Pitts	Ogura
1406-19	10	10595	502740	1415-3	7	—	—	1436-49	11	10871	—
1406-32	10	10592	502737	1415-4	21	13403	—	1436-51	11	12741	506075
1406-33	10	10589	502735	1415-5	21	—	—	1436-55	11	12350	—
1406-34	11	10582	502731	1415-7	21	—	—	1436-73	12	11104	—
1406-39	12	10581	502730	1415-8	21	—	—			12749	—
		12016		1415-9	21	—	—	1436-78	6	7859	—
1406-41	13	10583	502744	1415-10	21	—	—	1436-87	11	11608	502401
1406-42	11	10047	502732	1417-1	14	—	—	1436-90	6	7572	—
		10584		1417-2	14	—	—			7811	—
1406-43	10	10591	502736	1417-4	14	13068	—	1436-97	6	8134	501316
1406-44	11	10596	502741	1417-7	14	—	—				(MA-5-78M)
1406-45	12	10585	502733	1417-8	14	—	—	1466-20	10	7927	501589
1406-46	11	10593	502738	1417-9	14	—	—			12740	505964
1406-47	11	10594	502739	1417-10	21	10259	—	1466-21	9	7925	505966
		1274		1417-11	14	13785	—	1466-26	10	—	—
1406-49	11	10587	502743	1417-12	14	—	—	1466-28	9	—	—
		10990		1417-13	21	—	—	1466-43	9	—	—
1406-70	6	7809	—	1417-14	23	13279	—	1466-53	9	13068	—
1406-97	13	10761	502400	1417-15	23	13829	—	1466-64	10	—	—
1411-18	6	7531	332639 (MA-6A)	1417-16	21	—	—	1466-68	12	—	—
1411-23	6	—	—	1417-17	23	—	—	1466-69	10	11191	502722
1411-35	6	10204	—	1417-18	14	—	—	1466-70	10	7928	502406
1411-36	10	7931	502409	1417-20	21	—	—	1466-84	12	11650	—
1411-39	9	10884	501939 (MAE-6AR)	1417-22	19	—	—	1466-88	13	—	—
1411-41	9	10089	—	1417-24	19	—	—	1466-92	13	—	—
		10795	—	1417-26	19	—	—	1466-94	13	—	—
		11153	502742	1417-27	14	—	—	1466-95	13	—	—
1411-42	9	—	—	1417-28	23	—	—	1466-96	13	—	—
1411-48	10	10272	—	1417-29	23	—	—	1466-99	13	—	—
		10741		1417-31	19	—	—	1466-105	12	—	—
1411-49	12	11947	508821	1417-34	19	—	—	1473-69	13	—	—
1411-50	9	11699	506121	1417-35	19	—	—	5208-3	23	—	—
1411-54	9	—	—	1417-36	14	—	—	5208-4	23	—	—
1411-55	9	—	—	1417-37	19	—	—	5208-29	23	—	—
1411-56	9	—	—	1417-38	23	—	—	5208-40	23	—	—
1411-61	12	10590	502745	1417-39	23	—	—	5208-55	23	—	—
1411-67	9	—	—	1417-41	14	—	—	5208-62	23	—	—
1411-68	9	—	—	1417-42	13	—	—	5215-60	15	—	—
1411-69	9	—	—	1417-43	21	—	—	5215-57	17	—	—
1411-70	12	10586	502393	1417-44	13	—	—	5215-60	17	—	—
1411-72	6	7534	332334 (MA-7A)	1417-45	19	—	—	5215-63	17	—	—
		12455		1436-18	6	7810	502407	5215-66	17	—	—
1411-76	6	10223	—			8167		5215-67	17	—	—
1411-85	9	11212	506079	1436-19	6	7873	—	5215-77	17	—	—
1411-96	9	—	—	1436-41	10	12748	—	5215-82	17	—	—
1414-26	9	—	—	1436-43	9	—	—	5215-105	15	—	—
1414-27	9	—	—	1436-48	10	12743	—				
1415-1	7	—	—								

Mobile Power Application Data Form

For Application Assistance, Phone 815-389-6369 or Fax 815-389-7648

Date _____

Company Name _____

Address _____

City _____

Type of Application

Shaft Diameter (give limits)

Straight _____

Taper _____

Maximum Torque at Clutch

Lb. Ft. _____

HP at RPM's _____

GPM at PSI _____

Electrical System

Regulated _____

Unregulated _____

Clutch Duty Cycle

(Time On/Off)/Hr _____

Environment

Temp Range _____ °F

Location _____

Quantity

Annual _____

Power Source (give HP and Mfg)

Gas _____

Diesel _____

Electric _____

Other _____

Driven Load (give parameters)

Air Compressor _____

Pump _____

Mower Deck _____

*Refer to the individual sections of this catalog for details.

WARNER ELECTRIC

Warner Electric

Electromagnetic Clutches and Brakes - USA
South Beloit, IL 61080
815-389-3771

For application assistance:
1-800-825-9050

Electromagnetic Clutches and Brakes - Europe
Allonnes, France
+33 (0)2 43 43 63 63

Precision Electric Coils - USA
Columbia City, IN 46725
260-244-6183

Boston Gear

*Enclosed and Open Gearing, Electrical
and Mechanical P.T. Components*
Quincy, MA 02171
617-328-3300

For Customer Service:
1-888-999-9860

For Application Assistance:
1-800-816-5608

Formsprag Clutch

Overrunning Clutches and Holdbacks
Warren, MI 48089
586-758-5000

For application assistance:
1-800-927-3262

Stieber Clutch

Overrunning Clutches and Holdbacks
Heidelberg, Germany
+49 (0)6221 30 470

Marland Clutch

*Roller Ramp and Sprag Type
Overrunning Clutches and Backstops*
Burr Ridge, IL 60527
630-455-1752

Nuttall Gear and Delroyd Worm Gear

Worm Gear and Helical Speed Reducers
Niagara Falls, NY 14302
716-731-5180

Wichita Clutch and Industrial Clutch

*Pneumatic and Oil Immersed
Clutches and Brakes - USA*
Wichita Falls, TX 76302
940-723-3400

Pneumatic Clutches and Brakes - Europe
Bedford, UK
+44 (0)1234 350311

Ameridrives Couplings

*Gear Couplings, Mill Spindles,
Universal Joints*
Erie, PA 16512
814-480-5000

Altra Industrial Motion - Asia Pacific

China	852 2615 9313
Taiwan	886 2 2577 8156
Singapore	65 487 4464
Thailand	66 2 322 0481
Australia	612 9894 0133

www.warnerelectric.com



Warner Electric, Inc.
449 Gardner Street ▪ South Beloit, IL 61080
815-389-3771 ▪ Fax: 800-888-4944
www.warnerelectric.com